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RUSSELL ERRETT, Editor.

I. F. EGAN, Business Manager.

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Letters on Business, Subscription, &c., address COMMERCIAL, Pittsburgh.

The Weekly Commercial, a large sheet containing all the Current News, Miscellaneous, Literary and Scientific Intelligence, and Valuable Reading for the family.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY: Per Year (52 issues), $2; in Clubs of Twenty, $1 50, one copy gratis to the getter up of the Club.

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The Pittsburgh Commercial.

The Daily and Weekly Commercial Newspapers are delivered to subscribers in any part regularly from the Postoffice. Should anyone fail to receive the paper regularly, he will please notify the office or agent immediately. Carriers cannot be censured for the irregularity of mails.

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VOL. XI. PITTSBURGH, SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 27, 1874. NO. 346.

FIRST EDITION.

EUROPE.

BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

England.

OPPOSITION FOR INTERFERENCE IN EGYPT.

LONDON, June 26.—In the House of Commons to-day, Captain Baillie Cochrane moved a resolution in favor of the interference of the government for judicial reform in Egypt, because England is deeply interested in the uninterrupted navigation of the Suez Canal. Mr. Bourke, Under Foreign Secretary, stated that the chief obstacle to such reform was France, who resistated to abandon the position she had acquired in Egypt. If she persisted in her refusal to conform with the views of other powers, the only course which remained for them, would be to act without her.

THE PUBLIC WORSHIP BILL.

The opponents of the Public Worship Regulation bill, which passed the House of Lords last night, declare that it is useless and dangerous, that it affects the questions of doctrine unfavorably, attacks Ritualists unfairly and jeopardizes the union of Church and State. The Marquis of Salisbury, Secretary for India, and other Tories vehemently opposed the measure and, it is understood, will appeal to the House of Commons to reject it. The bill reorganizes the present cumbersome ecclesiastical courts so as to enable them to take speedy cognizance of new ceremonies.

DEATH OF HOWARD STAUNTON.

LONDON, June 26.—Howard Staunton, the well-known chess player and shakesperian editor, died to-day, aged sixty-four.

France.

THE COMMITTEE OF THIRTY.

PARIS, June 26.—At the sitting of the Committee of Thirty to-day, M. Tallon, of the Right Center, proposed an extension of President MacMahon's term of office to seven years, and the appointment of a Vice President. M. Duffare opposed the project, on which no vote was taken. M. Batbie announced that the committee would proceed to vote on M. Casimer Perire's bill next Monday.

THE COMMITTEE OF PARLIAMENTARY INITIATIVE

have decided against referring M. de La Rochefaucauld's monarchial resolve to the Committee of Thirty, and will probably declare it unconstitutional.

THE ASSEMBLY,

to-day, passed a bill granting 26,000,000 francs indemnity to sufferers by the late war.

HEAVY SENTENCE ON A COMMUNIST.

M. Courbet, artist, has been condemned to pay the cost of the reconstruction of the Vendome Column.

DOMICILIATORY VISITS

have been made by the police to the offices of Imperialist journals and to the residences of prominent Bonapartists, and Imperial documents have been seized.

THE BUDGET COMMITTEE

have rejected the bill submitted by M. Magne, Minister of Finance, providing for the increase of direct taxation, and have declared in favor of reducing payments to the Bank of France.

Italy.

THE POPE'S OPINION OF THE DEMONSTRATIONS.

ROME, June 28.—The Pope to-day, receiving a deputation from the Roman nobility, said the demonstration of Sunday last was a spontaneous and magnificent act of the people. The counter demonstration of Wednesday was the impious and miserable work of the sons of darkness. The Pope added that he had received a letter urging him to quit Rome, because his person was not safe; but he declared that he would remain here as long as God permitted.

Marine News.

SOUTHAMPTON, June 25. — Steamship Leipzig, from Baltimore, arrived.

European Markets.

LONDON June 26, 5 P. M.—Consols for money, 93⅝@9 5-8; for account, 93 5-8@93 3-4. 1865, 107⅛; do 1867, 106⅛; 10-40's, 103⅝; new 5's, 104¾. Illinois Central 90; Erie 27¼@27⅝; do preferred 43. Linseed oil 28s. 3d.

PARIS, June 26.—Rentes 59 francs 57½ centimes.

LIVERPOOL, June 26.—Cotton quiet at 8¼@8¾d. Sales 10,000 bales; American 7,500; speculation and export 2,000. Breadstuffs quiet. California white wheat average 12s. 3d.@12s. 7d.; club 12s. 6d.@12s. 10d.; red western spring 10s. 7d.@11s. 6d. Corn 26s. Peas 42s. Tallow 39s. 9d. Spirits petroleum 8¼@8¾d.; refined 11@11½d.

WASHINGTON, PA.

Alumni Banquet---Presents to Mrs. Hanna, Late of the Seminary.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, PA., June 26, 1874.

The Alumni banquet at the Ladies' Seminary last night was the most brilliant and largest affair of the season. Mrs. Hanna, the retiring principal, was presented by the Alumni with a gold watch and chain, an elegant ice pitcher, goblets and tray and two handsome easy chairs.

CRIMINAL RECORD.

Conviction and Sentence of an Embezzling Democratic Treasurer.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WOOSTER, O., June 26, 1874.

J. B. Koch, a Democrat and ex-Treasurer of Wayne county, Ohio, was this day, at an extra session of court, found guilty of embezzling the funds of this county. It being a criminal offense, he was sentenced to one year's confinement in the State penitentiary and to pay a fine of double the amount of the defalcation, which is twenty thousand two hundred and eighty-five dollars. His trial has been prolonged for several years, during which time considerable interest has been manifested, and the final result was watched for with much anxiety. Mr. Koch is some sixty-seven years old, and, prior to the developments of his offense, bore an irreproachable character.

Alleged Forger Commits Suicide.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

HAMILTON, O., June 25, 1874.

J. B. Underwood, living near Oxford, Ohio, last night committed suicide by shooting himself through the head. He had been indicted in the United States Court for forgery. The officers were at his house, and had made known their errand, when he asked time to change his shirt, and stepping into an adjoining room, committed the act.

Old Enough to Know Better.

CANTON, O., June 26, 1874.

Charles Dillon, a man sixty years of age, was arrested here last night for the seduction of a little girl eight years of age. He had a hearing and was bound over to court, and, in default of five hundred and fifty dollars bail, was lodged in jail. His prospects for the penitentiary are good.

Diabolical Attempt at Poisoning.

NEW YORK, June 26.—Late evening Sarah Jane Reeves, a colored girl ten years of age, was committed to the county jail at Elizabeth, New Jersey, charged with attempting to poison the family of John R. Miller, of Crawford. The girl was employed as a servant in the family of Mr. Miller, and yesterday morning placed enough creosote in the coffee and cream to kill twenty persons. When arrested she confessed the crime, and said she made the attempt to kill the family because she had been badly treated by Miller. She expressed no sorrow for the act, but said she had "tried hard to close her master's mouth for sure."

FIRE RECORD.

Columbus--$15,000.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, June 26.—At an early hour this morning paint and setting-up shops of John Gill's extensive car works were destroyed by fire. Loss about $15,000; insured for $9,000 in the National of Hartford, Commercial of London, Underwriters' of New York, People's of Newark, and West Chester of Pennsylvania.

New Castle, Ind.—$25,000.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

NEW CASTLE, IND., June 26, 1874.

C. H. Strickland's flour mill was destroyed by fire at three o'clock this morning. The fire is supposed to have caught from sparks from an engine. The loss is twenty-five thousand dollars.

New York--$40,000.

NEW YORK, June 26.—The varnish works of Edward Smith & Co., at Hunter's Point, were burned this afternoon. Loss $40,000; insurance slight.

Y. M. C. A.

DAYTON, June 26.—The International Convention began the third day's session at 9 A. M., President Taylor in the chair. Discussion was had as to the best way of raising funds, and $6,296 was subscribed to carry on the international work. W. Hind Smith, of Manchester, England, was elected an honorary Vice President of the Convention. Richmond, Virginia, was selected as the place for holding the next meeting. The evening session was devoted to the temperance question. Resolutions were adopted endorsing the women's movement and pledging hearty support to the work.

THE Great White River Flour is now being made under a new patent, and is giving general satisfaction. It is now the leading brand in this market. Every dealer should keep it.

THE WESTERN UNIVERSITY EXCURSIONISTS.

Farewells—Courtesies—New Features in Personnel—Scenery—Student-Capacity at Dennison—The Muster-Roll—Arrival at Cincinnati.

Special Correspondence of the Commercial.
CAR NO. 8, TRAIN NO. 10, P., C. & ST. L. R. R., June 26, 9:45 P. M., 1874.

We are the Western University excursion party, and we number fifty-seven and "the baby." We are bound for the Mammoth Cave, and we are moving westward with a speed that unsettles your correspondent's hand. We are happy to fall into the conductorial hands of Mr. Chas. Hottel, who has done his very best to make us comfortable, while our engineer, Mr. Wm. Charles, moves the double panorama each side of us with a rapidity that makes it difficult to keep us accurate account of the telegraph poles, mile posts and other features of the scenery, as is to be desired.

Just as the last adieu was said, sung, hurrahed and waved to the venerable Chancellor, the senior professor and the other well-known visitors we left behind us, it seemed on the whole best that the roadway should be slightly sprinkled; accordingly down came a most refreshing shower, succeeded by skies as fresh and beautiful as the cheeks of the sisters and fair cousins whom the studious youth have brought along to irradiate the midnight gloom of the tunnels and caves we may chance to encounter.

We are not as serious and thoughtful as we should be if the irrepressible Prof. Goff was not "in our midst." Mathematics and Sewickley air agree with him, body, soul and spirit. Sewickley, by the by, turns out strong on the present occasion. She sends *eleven*, just the apostolic number, counting out Judas. The party is on good terms with itself in all its parts, and is rapidly getting acquainted with itself. The young lady element is an exceedingly popular feature; the baby, too, is, I believe, an entirely original item in the programme of an educational tour.

We have dined—Dennison fed us. One young *litterateur* confessed to having left that village twenty-five cents the loser by his visit: he ate one dollar's worth of Dennison perishables, and left but seventy-five cents to show for it. I speak of it simply as an example of the Thaw-tlessness of youth.

What a beautiful land is this! We are over the hills and past the tunnels, and the rich plains of the Muskingum valley tempt the eye with visions of ever-varying beauty. But if you get these sheets at all in time for to-morrow's paper, it will be so late that you will prefer to have the expatiations left to the imagination of the reader.

Conductor Bottel will be entitled to your very special thanks if his efforts to have this laid before your readers to-morrow morning are crowned with success.

I append our muster-roll:

R. W. Bailey, Prof. E. P. Crane, wife and infant, Charles L. Cole, W. W. Crossan, W. S. P. Cochran, R. C. Duncan, Sr., Prof. I. N. Forner, Prof. M. B. Goff and daughter (Miss Ella), Fred. A. Gwinner, Miss S. S. Harbaugh, Chas. S. Harper, Joseph P. Herne, K. L. Henderson, Thomas F. Johns, John D. Kramer and sister (Miss Mary), E. L. Koethen, Matthew and D. M. Kerr, W. W. Lawrence, Mrs. H. McAyeal, F. B. McMasters, Charles W. Neely and sisters (Misses Sarah and Mary E.), W. H. Nimick, Frank C. Osborn, L. N. Patterson, William S. and C. J. Phillips, Mrs. Henrietta Reineman, Re. and Rafferty, E. B. Reed, Captain and Professor Paul F. Rohrbacher, Henry R. Scully, W. C. Stewart, Henry Stengel, Miss Sophia Shaffer, James B. Stevenson, W. R. Sterrett, Mrs Eliza Sterrett, Miss M. J. Sterrett, R. Schwartzwelder, the Messrs. Smith, to-wit: Van R., John N., Frank B. and Silvera A., respectively, E. J. Taylor, Charles F. Travelli, B. Thaw, John N. and W. H. White, Miss M. N. White, John H. Young and Edward Reineman.

C.

ARRIVED AT CINCINNATI.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

CINCINNATI, O., June 26, 1874.

The University party arrived here to-night, safe and in spirits ranging from high to hilarious. We leave to-morrow at two P. M., and expect to reach Louisville at about seven.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, June 26, 1874.

THE BEECHER-TILTON SCANDAL.

A copy of Theodore Tilton's extraordinary letter re-opening the Plymouth church scandal, was sent by a special messenger yesterday to Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, now on his farm at Peekskill, early in the day. Rev. Dr. Edward Beecher, a brother of Henry Ward Beecher, came to this city, and when asked what he thought of the new phase of the scandal, he replied that he could give no opinion, but supposed Tilton's letter could be answered satisfactorily if it should be deemed necessary. He went to the office of Mr. Sherman, with whom he had an interview of several hours. Mr. Sherman subsequently said he did not believe Tilton's allegations of Beecher's guilt. The usual Plymouth church prayer meeting will be held this evening, and in accordance with the manual, a business meeting will be held after it.

SENTENCE OF CHARLICK AND HARDING.

Police Commissioners Oliver Charlick and Hugh Gardner, convicted yesterday of violating the election law, were each today sentenced to pay a fine of $250, and the Clerk of the Court was instructed to notify the Governor of the result of their conviction. The motion in arrest of judgment was denied.

HENRY WARD BEECHER HAS NO TIME FOR PERSONAL CONTROVERSIES.

Mr. Beecher was present at the weekly prayer meeting of Plymouth church this evening. The proceedings were of the usual devotional character, and no reference whatever was made to the Tilton letter. After the meeting, Mr. Beecher, in conversation with a reporter, said he had at present no intention of saying anything in reply to the recent statements. He had a large pastorate under his charge and had no time for personal controversies. If, however, the Examiners of Plymouth church should decide that it would be well for him to speak out in regard to the recent letter, he would do so without hesitation.

AMATEUR ROWING MATCH FOR THE CHAMPIONSHIP.

A four-oared shell race between the Buffalo Rowing Club and the Argonaut Boat Club, of New Jersey, for the amateur championship of the United States, took place to-day, and was won by the Argonaut. Distance three miles; time sixteen minutes and forty-six seconds.

RAILWAY MATTERS.

Lease of Atlantic and Great Western.

NEW YORK, June 26.—The stockholders of the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad have ratified the agreement entered into with the Erie Railroad Company May 6th. The indentures bind the Atlantic and Great Western Company to the Erie for ninety-nine years from the 1st of May, and the property of the Atlantic and Great Western Company is sold to the Erie Company, the actual value of the same to be credited to the Atlantic and Great Western Company on account of bills for labor, materials, &c., to be paid by the Erie Company under this agreement. The amounts to be paid by the Erie Company are: For supplies to the 31st of March, $310,727; due on March pay-rolls, $109,335, due on April pay-rolls, $192,335; due on April supplies, $110,000; due for personal injuries, $8,000; due for personal injuries in suits, $69,401. Total, $800,000.

Receivership of Milwaukee and Lake Superior.

NEW YORK, June 26.—Some time ago, Jerome R. Bingham filed a bill in equity in the United States Circuit Court, praying to have Charles H. Luddington, Henry H. Barling and Abner K. Davis restrained from interfering with him in the exercise of his legal rights as receiver of the Milwaukee and Lake Superior Railroad. The defendants put in an objection that the bill was defective in not making the railroad company parties defendant also. Judge Woodruff to-day filed his decision, sustaining the defendant's objections and dismissing the bill.

Receivers of Cairo and Vincennes.

EVANSVILLE, June 26.—Private advices received to-day state that the motion for a new hearing in the case in which receivers were appointed for the Cairo and Vicennes Railroad, has been denied.

CASUALTIES.

Decapitated by a Saw

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

TYNER CITY, IND., June 26, 1874.

This morning, at Batche's saw mill, an unknown German fell on to the saw, which was rapidly revolving. The saw cut his head off in a second, and also cut off one arm. He has no friends in this country, and his name is even unknown. He had been employed here but a short time.

Great Loss of Life by the Late Storms.

BATHURST, N. B., June 26.—The gale of last week resulted in the loss of thirty-two lives along the eastern coast of New Brunswick, nineteen being fishermen. Four barks and nine schooners were stranded, and about thirty fishing boats wrecked.

Fatal Nitro-Glycerine Explosion Near Parker's City.

TITUSVILLE, PA., June 26.—A man named John E. Osborne was blown to atoms this morning near Parker's City, by the explosion of one hundred pounds of nitro-glycerine which he was transporting in his wagon. The horse and wagon were also annihilated.

Important Trade-mark Decision.

The case of Cochran Fleming, doing business under the name of Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa., against Dr. J. H. McLean, of St. Louis, has recently been decided by the U. S. Circuit Court for the Eastern District of Missouri in favor of the plaintiff.

The plaintiff charged the defendant with imitating and infringing his label or trade-mark for the "Dr. C. McLane Celebrated Liver Pills," and the decision of the court fully sustains the charge, and declares that Dr. J. H. McLean was guilty of violating the plaintiff's trade-mark; and the decree of the court perpetually enjoins the defendant from further using the label which he had used prior to the commencement of the suit, or any label in imitation of or resembling those of plaintiff.

The court further decrees that the defendant account to plaintiff for all damages sustained by him since November, 1870. D&*

Dealers Beware

of brands of flour represented by traveling men as being the same as my *Great White River*. The commission they get for their orders amount to a dealer's profit. T. C. Jenkins.

SECOND EDITION.

WASHINGTON.

SHERMAN'S HEADQUARTERS.

WHY HE LEAVES THE CAPITAL.

DEFECTS IN ARMY REGULATIONS.

Legacies of Red Tape from Jeff. Davis and John B. Floyd.

Marylanders to Fill the Postoffice Department no Longer.

Treasury Department to Pay Out Twenty-seven Millions in a Few Days.

More Banks for the South and West.

Washington Club Dies with the District Ring.

A New Club to Occupy General Butler's Late Residence.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 26, 1874.

Sherman Criticizes Army Regulations.

General Sherman, speaking about the reasons for the removal of army headquarters, says that there are too many headquarters at Washington now. The status of the Commanding General is not defined, and therefore he is liable to be ignored in matters of vital importance to the efficiency of the army. The present army regulations are but a hasty republication of the regulations of 1853, issued to meet the vast demands of the armies of the rebellion. In these there is no reference whatever to the duties of the commanding General. This was purposely brought about by Jeff. Davis and Floyd, Secretaries of War, to affect General Scott and to clip him of all power. The regulations presume that all orders are issued by the President, the constitutional Commander in Chief through the General; whereas, in fact, they are issued by the Secretary of War, through the Adjutant General. All orders concerning the movements of troops are now issued by General Sherman, but leaves of absence, &c., are issued by the Secretary of war, without consulting the General. This, General Sherman thinks, is radically wrong. The new regulations, prepared about two years ago, submitted to Congress and ordered to be printed, make ample provision for every question which might come up and clearly define the duties of the General. The President is favorable to the adoption of these regulations, and has so expressed himself. In view of this prospective settlement by law of a long controversy, the President has hesitated to give the necessary orders defining the respective functions of the General of the Army and the Secretary of War. General Sherman says that he wishes the question settled, not on his own account particularly, but to put an end to the embarrassments and misunderstandings which have grown out of this defect in the regulations. The orders at present issued by the Secretary of War direct to the army, without consultation with or the knowledge of the General, have created interminable confusion and embarrassment in the army and, to say the least, it is but perpetuating upon General Sherman a precedent established by Jefferson Davis and Floyd, in their useless war upon Scott.

Marylanders in the Postoffice Department.

The Marylanders (a striking preponderance in point of numbers) in the Postoffice Department are considerably agitated over the sudden exit of their chief, as there is now a sure prospect of a new deal. There are ninety-nine of all classes from this State in the department, including the best places. Of the special agents alone, twelve out of eighty are Marylanders. Arrangements will be made at once to equalize this proportion.

The July Interest,

of twenty-five millions coin and two millions currency, will be paid in a few days. It is believed that this will go far towards relieving the pressure of the times.

Ex-Senator Cattel.

Commissioner of the District of Columbia, states that he saw the President before his departure for West Virginia and informed him that he would give an answer as to his acceptance of the post or not, upon the President's return, next Tuesday.

Organization of Banks.

The Comptroller of the Currency is receiving daily applications for the organization of banks in the South and West. He authorizes them to go on, and will issue the circulation, without retiring from the East, first from the notes of banks which have closed business or failed and, afterwards, from banks having more than one million circulation. This will keep up the supply for some weeks. He thinks that not over from ten to fifteen millions will be required this year, and it is very doubtful whether the fifty-five millions will ever be taken up.

Death of the Washington Club—Organization of a New One.

The Washington Club, the resort of the Ring, with the rest of their affairs, has gone to the wall, and will be sold out. The furniture of General Butler's residence will be sold in a few days, and the building will be used for a new club, to be composed of the best citizens of the capital.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 26, 1873.

OUR POSTAL CONVENTION WITH FRANCE.

The Postoffice Department this morning was officially informed by the French Minister of the ratification of the postal convention between France and the United States, by the French Assembly. The Minister expressed to the Postmaster General his desire that the convention go into operation on the 1st of July, but this cannot be done, as the 1st of August is the date fixed, and the ratifications have yet to be received. The charge for letters from France to the United States will be ten cents for a third of an ounce, and from the United States to France nine cents for half an ounce, unpaid letters to pay the above rates with five cents additional. The postage on books, newspapers, samples, &c., is to be hereafter separately arranged by each country.

THE GOVERNOR OF COLORADO.

General McCook has received his commission and taken the oath of office as Governor of Colorado. He will reach Denver early in July to enter upon his duties.

MESSRS. CRESWELL AND HALL.

Mr. Creswell is making arrangements to retire from office next week. Mr. Hall has not yet signified to the President his acceptance of the Postmaster-Generalship. Mr. Creswell, in conversation with friends to-day, said the reports as to his prospective appointment to the Austrian Mission were groundless.

OLD TEA HOUSE.

NEW TEA!

GARDEN GROWN,

FIRST OF THE SEASON.

D. M. JENKINS,

20 Fifth Avenue.

NEWS SUMMARY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Probabilities for to-day.—For the Middle States and Lower Lake region, partly cloudy weather and local rains will prevail, with a slight fall of temperature, north or east winds and stationary or rising barometer. For the Ohio Valley, partly cloudy and continued warm weather, with southeast or southwest winds and light rains.

Base Ball—At Boston, Bostons 8, Chicagos 7.

The license law recently passed by the Massachusetts Legislature, was yesterday vetoed by Governor Talbot.

Queen Victoria and the Emperor of Brazil have exchanged compliments upon the successful laying of the Brazilian cable.

It is proposed by certain prominent citizens of St. Louis, to erect a colossal bronze statue of James B. Eads, the chief engineer of the new bridges.

The White League of Louisiana is gaining adherents. The line is so closely drawn that Republicans must come over or take disagreeable chances with the negroes.

Inducements for Cash.

Twenty-five cents per barrel on *Flour* and one per cent. discount on *Sugars, Roast Coffees, Syrups, Tobaccos, Cheese*, and all kinds of *Groceries*, if paid within ten days from date of bills, at the *Checkered Front*. T. C. Jenkins.

A PARTY having some cash capital wishes to engage in business—manufacturing preferred—is accustomed to active business, and anxious to be well established. Any well established house wishing to engage with the above, address E., Box 593, Pittsburgh Postoffice.

TEAS & COFFEES

FLOUR AND CHEESE

T. C. JENKINS

Liberty St. Pittsburgh Pa.

CHEAPEST

Flour AND Grocery House

IN PITTSBURGH.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

The Great White River Flour.

Jenkins's Snow Flake and Golden Fleece.
Complete Line Groceries.
Cleveland and Louisville Lime.
Shares, Spot Cash, Cheese, Tobaccos, Teas, Roast Coffees, &c., &c.
No Charge for Drayage.
For Retail House connected with this establishment.

Advertisements on this page, under the several heads of WANTED, FOR SALE, FOR RENT, *&c., will be inserted at transient rates only*—TEN CENTS *per line for each insertion. No advertisement less than* FIFTY CENTS.

WANTED.

WANTED—EVERY SPORTSMAN—To call or send for a price list of Rifles, Shot Guns, Revolvers, Ammunition, &c. Address J. H. JOHNSTON, Great Western Gun Works, 285 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

WANTED—PURCHASERS — FOR Cheap Lands. I am prepared to furnish cheap Mineral, Coal and Timber Lands in tracts from 1,000 to 10,000 Acres each in the States of Arkansas, Texas, East and West Virginia and Kentucky. These lands are for sale on reasonable terms, accessible by railroads, and will be sold low for cash or exchanged for city or country property at its market value. Apply to W. KYLE, 66 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Pennsylvania, Missouri and Michigan Pine Lands a specialty.

REWARD.

$50 REWARD—THE ABOVE REWARD will be paid for the return of the Gold Watch and Chain taken from the pocket of the subscriber at Wellsville, Ohio, on June 24, 1874. Full name and description of presentation on inside case. The above reward will be paid for its return and no questions asked. JAMES A. DUNNING, Wheeling, West Virginia.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—OFFICES ON THE SECOND Floor and fine large Hall on third floor of German-American Bank, No. 429 Penn avenue. Apply at Bank.

FOR RENT—SECOND STORY FRONT Room, with Bathroom in rear, suitable for a Dentist. Location unsurpassed. Call at 63 Fulton street, near Wylie avenue.

FOR RENT OR SALE—NEW TWO-STORY Frame House, with Bay Window, containing Vestibule, Hall, Water in Kitchen; Lot 45x209, with Grapevines, &c., located on Fourth ward avenue, Mount Washington. Thirty-fifth ward, commanding the finest view in the city. Rent moderate to a good tenant. For particulars, &c., apply to E. ABEL, Commercial Counting Room.

NOTICES.

COMMERCIAL TRAVELERS' RE-UNION, LATROBE, PA., JUNE 30TH, 1874. Object: To form a permanent organization. Reliable Salesmen are invited to be present. Afternoon and evening session.

W. ALLEN, Secretary pro tem.

TO OWNERS OF DEAD ANIMALS.—I am now prepared to remove dead animals from the City of Pittsburgh and Allegheny. Orders may be left at the office of the Board of Health, Municipal Hall, Pittsburgh, and City Hall, Allegheny City.

EDWARD CZARNIECKI.

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR OF GAS AND GAS METERS FOR ALLEGHENY COUNTY.—Desiring that the public should more generally avail themselves of the advantages of this office, I would give notice to persons desiring to have their Meters Tested to leave their orders at the office of their respective Gas Companies, or at my office, corner of Twenty-third and Smallman streets, and they shall receive prompt attention.

R. H. SMITH, Inspector.

NOTICE—

Property-holders on SECOND AVENUE, between Murphy street and Glenwood, are earnestly requested to make Gas and Water connections at the earliest possible moment, in order that the ground may settle before the pavement is laid.

W. J. LEWIS,
T7ths President Second Avenue Commissioners.

NOTICE—THE MANAGERS OF THE SHELTERING ARMS have resolved to admit into their Home, Wilkinsburg, a limited number of incurables, who on account of incurability cannot be admitted into any of the city Hospitals. Much expense will attend this branch of our work, but only a small charge will be required varying from $3 to $5 per week, to be paid monthly in advance. Protestant Women only admitted. All persons desirous of availing themselves of this offer can communicate with Mrs. GEO. H. THUESTON, 16 Cliff street, and Mrs. F. H. EATON, Addison street, near Center avenue, at their residences, or through the Postoffice. By order of the Board.

Mrs. FELIX R. BRENOT, President.

NOTICE—THE FIRST GERMAN EVANGELICAL CONGREGATION being about to build a new Church and School House on the corner of Sixth and Smithfield streets, Pittsburgh, offer for rent the houses situated on Smithfield street, between Sixth avenue and Strawberry alley, on a lease of twenty-five years. For further information apply to the Trustees of the Congregation.

PETER DRESSLER,
JOHN SEIFERTH,
FREDERICK WILHARM.

OFFICE UNION BRIDGE COMPANY—

NOTICE TO RIVERMEN.

Notice is hereby given to those interested in the navigation of the Allegheny River, that on and after JUNE 8TH, 1874, the channel from South Abutment to Pier No. 4, (distance 312 feet), will be temporarily obstructed by the false work of the first span of Union Bridge. The Contractor will keep Red Light by night, as signal of danger.

By order Board of Directors,

F. WM SMITH,
Chief Engineer.

Pittsburgh, June 1, 1874.

OLD TEA HOUSE

TEAS,

A SPECIALTY.

For Pic-Nic Parties

Boiled Coffee, Boiled Cocoa, Swiss Milk, Condensed Eggs, Pickled Lamb Tongues, Pickled Tripe, Pickled Pigs Feet, Pickled Hams, Pickled Oysters, Pickled Lobster, Deviled Ham, Potted Chicken, Potted Game, Potted Lobster, Shrimp Paste, English Pies, Russian Caviar, Pate de Foies Gras, English Pickles, French Pickles, Raisins, Nuts, Candy, Chinese Preserves, Scotch Marmalade, English Jams, Fruit Jellies, Chives' Fect Jelly, Lemon Sugar, Strawberry Syrup, Lemon Syrup, Roast Beef, Roast Veal, Roast Mutton, Roast Duck, Roast Chicken, Roast Goose, Soused Lambs' Tongue, Soused Pigs' Feet, Sardines, French, Sardines, boneless, Brook Trout, Fresh Oysters, Spiced Oysters, French Clams, Soups, ready for use, 15 varieties, Irish Stew, Plum Pudding, Spiced Salmon, California Fruit, Italian Fruit, English Crackers, Scotch Biscuit, Guava Jelly, Vanilla Cream, Lime Juice, Raspberry Syrup, Raspberry Vinegar, New Honey, Celery Salt, Spanish Olives, Anchovies in Oil.

All the articles in the above list are in small, neat, ORIGINAL PACKAGES, suitable for two or four persons.

D. M. Jenkins,

20 FIFTH AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—700 POUNDS MINION TYPE, nearly new. Will be sold at a bargain. Apply at this office.

FOR SALE—BATES' HISTORY OF Pennsylvania Regiments. GILDENFENNEY & HESS, 43 Fifth avenue.

FOR SALE—BELTING AND HOSE—Pure Oak Tanned Leather Belting and Hose, at HARTLEY, McKEE & CO.'S, 58 Smithfield street.

FOR SALE—DIAL'S PHOTOGRAPH and Ferrotype Gallery, West Newton, Pa. Instruments and Furniture complete. Address A. S. DIAL, West Newton, Pa.

FOR SALE—ENGINES AND BOILERS—New and Second-hand, of all sizes, Stationary and Portable, from 2 to 60-horse power, now on hand. JAMES HILL & CO., corner Marion avenue and P., Ft. W. and C. R. R., Allegheny, Pa.

FOR SALE—BUILDING LOT—IN Fourteenth Ward, on Atwood street, near Oakland Car Station; will be sold cheap and on easy terms. For further particulars inquire of THOS. F. STEWART, No. 48 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND MACHINERY—Three Planers and Matchers; one 10 by 20, two 8 by 20 and one 7 by 14 inch Engine Lathes; one Drill Press and one Shurtleff Punch, all in good order. M. B. COCHRAN & CO., 121 Liberty street.

FOR SALE—THREE NEW DOUBLE-FLUE Boilers, 20x36; twelve Portable Boilers, from 12 to 20 horse power; Engines from 1 to 80 horse power; one Hoisting Engine and Boiler. ANDERSON, MAXWELL & PORTER, 40 Park Way, Allegheny.

FOR SALE—THE FINEST SITE FOR Residence in either city, 105 feet on Ridge avenue, Allegheny, by 200 feet deep to a 40 feet street; half a square from the Court House. Will be sold as a whole or in parts on reasonable terms. C. A. CARPENTER, Superintendent Railroads.

FOR SALE—SCHOOL BONDS—School Bonds of the Eleventh Ward School District, City of Allegheny, a desirable investment. For particulars apply to WM. H. SLACK, Chairman of the Board, Shady avenue, Eleventh Ward, Allegheny, or to A. D. HUBBARD, Secretary, corner of First avenue and Ferry streets, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE—A VALUABLE BUILDING Lot in the Nineteenth Ward, Pittsburgh, on the northeast side of Rural avenue, being 80 feet eastwardly from Euclid street, thence along Rural avenue 156 6-10 feet, by a depth of 138 8-10 feet, adjoining the residence of Daniel P. Negley, Esq. For particulars apply to W. K. JENNINGS, Attorney-at-Law, Fifth avenue, corner Grant st.

FOR SALE—SMALL FARM SITUATE in Armstrong County, Pa. Good farming land, with dwelling of four rooms, young Orchard of 60 trees. Will be sold low, or would exchange for city property. Lot 50x150, Building Lots situate in Sixteenth Ward, between the two greatest thoroughfares in the city—Penn and Wylie avenues. Will sell on long payments. Apply to G. W. RANKIN, Real Estate Agent, No. 104 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE—

STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS.

The finest collection of Steam Engines and Boilers ever offered for sale in the United States. Engines new and perfect—warranted such. Boilers new and second-hand—Double Boiler Portable Engines and Stationary Tubular, guaranteed to carry 100 pounds steam pressure with perfect safety. Will be sold to suit customers very cheap for cash or its equivalent.

INDUSTRIAL MACHINE WORKS.

HUGH M. BOLE,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE—A RARE OPPORTUNITY for ANY GENTLEMAN WISHING TO GO SOUTH—A quarter interest in one of the finest Sugar Plantations in all the South, situate at St. Martinville, on the Bayou Teache, Louisiana, about sixty miles west of New Orleans, with direct communication by water and rail.

The property consists of nearly 1,200 Acres of most excellent Land, all in cultivation except about 300 Acres, which is in Timber; 500 Acres planted in Sugar Cane and Corn this season, a good Mansion House, a Manager's House and quarters for nearly 100 negroes. Sugar House with all the necessary machinery for manufacturing fifteen hogsheads of sugar, and a corresponding amount of molasses per day; Mules, Horses, Oxen, Wagons, Carts, and, in fact, one of the best stocked plantations in the State. The only object in selling this interest, is to get an active man who will be interested in making this place a proper representative. The plantation is near the beautiful home of Jas. Davis, Jefferson, Rip Van Winkle, and only a short distance from Gold Avery's celebrated Salt Island.

Any person of this interest will be sold for much less than its value and on easy terms.

For additional information, apply to

THOS. F. STEWART,
48 Fifth avenue.

BOARDING.

BOARDING—WANTED, BOARDERS and lodgers in a pleasant neighborhood. Apply at No. 65 Ledlie street, Allegheny city.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE MONONGAHELA WATER CO.—A Quarterly Dividend of THREE PER CENT., on the Capital Stock of this Company, will be payable on and after July 1st, at the Citizens' Bank, South Side.

H. STAMM, Treasurer.

Pittsburgh, South Side, June 25, 1874.

RELICIOUS.

LIBERTY STREET M. E. CHURCH, having been elegantly refitted and improved, will be reopened for Divine Service SABBATH (to-morrow), June 28th. Rev. Dr. W. L. SEHON, of Louisville, Ky., will preach at 10½ o'clock A. M. and 8 P. M. A Reunion Meeting will be held at 3 P. M., Rev. Dr. WM. HUNTER presiding, to which all the former pastors and members of this Church and others are cordially invited to attend.

NOTICE.

The citizens of Allegheny are notified to be economical in the use of water. Owing to a serious accident the new works will not be running for some time, and as the old machinery is not capable of supplying the city, if the water is wasted, the use of hose and running of fountains is prohibited until further notice is given. This order will be enforced, so that there will be a supply in case of fire, and the residents of the upper portion of the city may have a supply of water.

WM. PAUL, JR.,
Superintendent of Water Works.

STEAM BOILER

The Commercial.

SATURDAY, JUNE 27, 1874.

THE New York *Herald* indorses CRESWELL. That is the unkindest cut of all.

THE Prohibitionists of New York have nominated a man named BAGG for Lieutenant Governor. He is said to be a mere bag of wind.

WE ARE indebted to Governor HARTRANFT for a copy of the General Laws passed by the last Legislature. It comprises 176 laws, covering nearly 300 pages.

THE report that PARTON had the Pittsburgh *Post* in his eye when writing his article for *Harper's Magazine* on the "Falsehoods of the Press," is not confirmed; but the report is not improbable.

THE New York *Herald* complains that "Pennsylvania can never see beyond its own limits." This is unkind as well as unjust. We have ourselves several times referred to the intellectual legs of the *Herald*.

A CURIOUS story is related in Washington of ex-Governor SHEPHERD'S having paid for the modeling of a statue of himself, which was to have been erected on a conspicuous spot in that city. In brass, quotha?

THE National Association of Lumbermen, in convention at Williamsport, in this State, on Wednesday, unanimously declared against the proposed reciprocity treaty with Canada. No unsound timber in that body.

THE New York *World* is of the opinion that if the Democracy could drive out of their ranks all the Protectionists and currency men, the chances for a Democratic victory would be considerably increased. That is to say, deduct ten from twenty and thirty remain.

THE New York *World* charges the Administration with displacing Minister JAY of the Vienna Mission, to make room for BANCROFT DAVIS. The *World* should instruct its arithmetic man to compute the distance between Vienna and Berlin. It is as silly as a jay-bird.

IT IS a somewhat noticeable fact that every name thus far suggested by the Democratic press in connection with the next Democratic Presidential nomination, represents all that is ancient and conservative, unalterable and unprogressive, in Democratic policy and tradition.

CONGRESSMAN STARKWEATHER recently stated, on the floor of the House of Representatives, that a majority of the stock of the New York *Tribune* was owned by JAY GOULD, the stock gambler. The *Tribune* denies this, and with reason. GOULD simply owns the man who owns the majority of the stock.

THE latest defalcation turns up in Henry county, Ohio. It is a Democratic county, and never had any but Democratic officers. The county loses $100,000 by its dishonest officials, as far as ascertained; but as the county books have all been stolen, hidden or burned, the exact amount is still undecided.

THE Chicago *Inter-Ocean* of Thursday issued a supplement of twenty-eight pages—one hundred and sixty-eight columns—of solid nonpareil matter, devoted exclusively to the publication of the delinquent city tax list. "My father's house," boasted one four-year old to another, "has a cupola on it." "But my father's has a mortgage," was the exultant rejoinder.

THE New York Democracy talk of nominating Congressman POTTER for Governor. POTTER is the man who recently, on the floor of the House of Representatives, declared that if he had the making of a Constitution for the future government of the United States, he would embody in it a provision "whereby a certain number or proportion of the States might go out of the Union whenever they pleased."

A HUNDRED College Commencements, more or less, have been held during the present week; and 'embryo divines, physicians, philosophers, legislators, scientists, lawyers, poets, mathematicians, orators and statesmen, have been turned loose by the score. Let us hope they may all faithfully exercise their faculties to contribute their share to the great, incessant forward movement of the material, intellectual and moral world.

THE National *Republican* bases its advocacy of a third term upon the argument that frequent changes in the Presidential office are not desirable. If that argument amounts to anything the Presidential term should be for life. You cannot have too much of a good thing, although it is possible to have too much of a bad thing; and if it is desirable to keep the same man in office during three Presidential terms, it is just as desirable to keep him in as long as he lives.

THE Appropriations made at the late session of Congress for the year beginning July 1st, are $27,768,787 *less*, in the aggregate, than the appropriations for the fiscal year which is just drawing to a close. This is a large reduction in national expenses, and shows what can be done, in the way of retrenchment, where there is a will to accomplish it. Taxes have not been increased, and the expenses have been so much curtailed that the steady reduction of the public debt can go on, as heretofore, without cessation.

THE grand jury of the United States Circuit Court of the District of Columbia, have found an indictment against A. C. BUELL, for defamation of character, in that as correspondent of the Detroit *Free Press* he procured to be printed a few months ago in that journal a statement that Senator CHANDLER, of Michigan, had been taken from the floor of the Senate in open session in a state of intoxication. We do not believe in gagging the press; but neither have we a particle of sympathy to waste on journalistic libellers and liars, when they happen to be brought up with a round turn. The case should now be pushed. Possibly the result may serve as a healthy warning to other mendacious scribblers.

AN IMPORTANT and numerously attended special meeting of the American Tubular Iron and Steel Association and of the Pennsylvania Combined Iron and Steel Association was held in Philadelphia last Wednesday, for the purpose of taking into consideration the propositions of certain English capitalists, who wish to purchase the exclusive right to use the patents of the association in Great Britain. It is now generally conceded that tubular wrought iron, when manufactured by the patentees' process, is stronger, safer, and less liable to crystalization than solid wrought iron, besides which it possesses the important advantage that it can be made at no greater cost per lineal foot than solid iron. No decisive action was taken in the matter, but it is probable that the negotiations now pending will result successfully.

THE political conventions lately held in Indiana, Illinois and Iowa, called "Farmers' Conventions," were not got up, nor were they largely participated in by, the Grangers. As a body, that organization has kept out of politics, although its members have felt free to take part, individually, in political struggles. As an evidence of how the Grangers feel about the attempt to class them as responsible for political movements gotten up mainly by Democratic politicians for the purpose of entrapping them, we quote the following, passed by the Decatur county (Ind.,) Grange:

Resolved, That as Grangers we deny any complicity with or responsibility for the action of the 10th of June Convention, held at Indianapolis, in organizing a new political party, and in nominating a State ticket for the same; but we fully indorse the action of the delegates of the Fourth Congressional district in withdrawing from said convention.

WE HAVE already mentioned the fact that the British Board of Trade returns for May show a continued falling off in export trade. Upon examination of the details of the various lines of exports, we find that cotton manufactures, an English specialty, have decreased by export $10,000,000 since 1873; coal, $5,000,000; hardware, $1,250,000; iron and steel manufactures, $15,000,000; and woolen and worsted goods, $10,000,000. Commenting on these facts, a leading London journal says: "He who runs may read; we are losing some of our best customers; when foreign countries buy from us less manufactured goods, excepting machinery for factories of their own, and more raw material, the inference is plain. And our manufacturers may contemplate with dismay that some of the nations which bought most largely from us in the past are now beginning to make their own goods." The significance of this utterance is increased by its candor; the fact of an English paper recognizing the possibility of a displacement of English domination in the markets of the world, being of itself quite remarkable.

BUSINESS PROSPECTS.

The New York *Bulletin* has a strong article urging upon capitalists that they may now safely return to a more active employment of their means in commercial and industrial pursuits. Congress has adjourned, the financial problem has been solved as far as it can be for some time to come, and there is nothing to hold public confidence any longer at bay. The harvest is good; prices of nearly every product are low; and all the indications point to improvement in prices as one of the certainties of the near future. It says:

"It requires more than an ordinary degree of lugubrious research to discover any reason why the business of the country should not henceforth increase and prosper. One of the best evidences that the merchants of this city coincide with us in these conclusions is found in the marked improvement in the spirit and transactions of trade apparent within the last two days. A great recovery in confidence is traceable in all departments of business; and the recovery of confidence is all that is needful to a revival of trade. Of course, those branches of trade which are dependent upon the season's demand, show no marked change, as the spring and summer business is almost ended in those departments; but, in these even, the better feeling shows itself in a speculative demand for staple articles, based upon the expectation that prices will improve, as well as in more liberal preparations for the fall trade than have been contemplated; while, in those trades less dependent on the seasons, buyers who have been timidly supplying themselves from hand to mouth show much more courage in their purchases."

In the same connection we quote the following from the money article in the Philadelphia *Ledger*:

"On the whole the business outlook seems to favor an early and decided improvement. There may be some few further failures, but these only bring the bottom, which must be first touched, the nearer, and so ensures the earlier revival. While some railway corporations have defaulted, others have got upon a good basis and are doing well. Farmers at the West are doing better this year than last, and everywhere money is plentiful almost beyond precedent. California has secured her wheat crop, worth probably $25,000,000. Oregon has also a large surplus for export. The 1st of July is semi-annual dividend day, when millions of dollars will be paid in interest. Where all this money is to find safe and profitable investment is a question not easy to decide. With so much capital scattered all over the country, and interest so low on all money put out on call, with the grain crops full of promise, and the cotton crop to be, in all probability, far more than we anticipated six weeks since, there is every reason to hope for a better state of business in the coming autumn. That the business outlook is more encouraging than for many months is not disputed by anybody except chronic croakers and such professional speculators as have money staked and "stand to win" on a continuance of the depression of the past few months, and on a further decline in the prices of securities and commodities."

These are encouraging words, and if the mercantile men of the country and the capitalists could be got to take a cheerful view of things, the worst part of our financial trouble, as a people, would be over. The first thing needed is a restoration of such a degree of confidence as will lead to a more active use of the money now held in idleness; and as soon as this returns, business will wear an encouraging aspect. It is gladdening to be able to note the dawn of the new feeling in New York and Philadelphia, and to feel that it cannot be long in extending itself all over the land.

THE Democratic Governor of Wisconsin having nominated a man named RYAN to be Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of that State, Mr. J. R. DOOLITTLE, formerly United States Senator from Wisconsin, denounces the appointment and says that RYAN is a "shyster." J. A. NOONAN, formerly editor of the Milwaukee *News*, the Democratic organ, is also very mad about it and says that "if ill-humor, personal ugliness, and malice amounting almost to insanity, constitute qualifications for the presiding Judge of a court of last resort, then Governor TAYLOR has been most fortunate in this selection." Both of these gentlemen are doubtless correct in the character they award to RYAN; but they do not seem to be aware that they have thereby fully justified the appointment in Democratic eyes. It was an ugly, ill-humored, malicious shyster that Governor TAYLOR wanted, and he can congratulate himself that he has found his man. DOOLITTLE and NOONAN being witnesses in his behalf.

GENERAL AND PARTICULAR.

"Earth and sky are fused together;
Emerald and sapphire splendor
Glow and melt to radiance tender,
From the alembic of the weather."

Ulysses S. Grant, Jr., the second son of the President, was graduated at Harvard last Wednesday.

Congress is entitled to the thanks of the country for refusing to extend any patents on sewing machines.

Nobody seems to know the authorship of the "John Brown" song. Speet that, like Topsey, it growed.

Strong efforts are making in the Southwest to establish steam communication between Galveston and Liverpool.

The California Modoc war claims are settled. Checks on San Francisco will be forwarded to claimants within a fortnight.

A heavy secession from the Church of England is threatened in consequence of proposed measures to check the Ritualists.

The Springfield *Republican* pithily terms the Democracy a loose agglomeration of interests, prejudices, hopes, hates and hunger.

Exploring strange places: The Massachusetts editors, now on an excursion to Canada, attended church at Quebec, last Sunday.

In England it is proposed to do away altogether with switches on railroads, by providing apparatus for lifting trains from one track to another.

Remember, however, that Beecher has a right to ask a suspension of judgment until the case is thoroughly sifted, and his version of it given to the public.

We are to have that red hat. James A. MacMaster, editor of the New York *Freeman's Journal*, is to be created a Cardinal of the Roman Catholic Church.

Chicago parties are making proposals for the construction of six first-class vessels of full canal size, and in other respects to be adapted to the European trade.

The Cincinnati *Gazette* says the hardest thing to get in that city is a glass of ice water. This, however, is merely the effect of the law of supply and demand.

The Supreme Court of Massachusetts has just decreed that a legally adopted child is, by the statutes, an heir to property the same as if it had been born in lawful wedlock.

The number of bills which finally passed both branches of Congress and became laws were 131 which originated in the Senate, and 426 which originated in the House.

A grape-shot, probably fired during the Revolution, was found, the other day, in the heart of a tree twenty inches in diameter, in Vermont, near the spot where an old fort stood.

Quite a large number of aplications, mainly from Western States, for permission to organize new national banks have already been made to the Comptroller of the Currency.

The completion of the immense car works of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, at Newark, N. J., will add fifteen hundred operatives, with their families, to the population.

The worn and mutilated national bank and legal tender currency is to be retired, and replaced with clean, newly printed notes of the same kind and denominations to suit.

All that Charleston, South Carolina, wants is twenty-two feet of water on the bar, in order to transform it into the great Southern metropolis. From this, however, she is debarred.

English shipbuilders are beginning to raise the cry of "foreign competition," in the hitherto almost British monopoly of iron ship manufacture. France is now treading on her heels.

The customs receipts in gold deposited in the New York office of the United States Treasury since the 1st of July, 1873, amount to $110,172,041, against $127,410,874 in same time the previous year.

The fourth triennial reunion of the Society of the Army of the James, of which General Joseph R. Hawley is President, will be held in New York city in the latter part of August or early in September.

Few exhibitions ever held in this country have been more favorably commented upon than the two industrial institutes held at Newark, N. J., last year and the year before. The next exhibition will commence on the 25th of August.

RELIGIOUS NEWS.

Rev. S. B. Reed and wife will soon start on their mission to Colorado.

Rev. Maguire will preach on "The Life and Character of Moses," next Sunday morning.

Strong as our passions are, they may be starved into submission and conquered without being killed.

Rev. J. Dermitt has been re-elected Chaplain to the County Prison by the Allegheny County Society.

Rev. A. W. Butts, pastor of the Smithfield Methodist Episcopal church, is having large and interesting congregations.

A man's first care should be to avoid the reproaches of his own heart; the next, to escape the censures of the world.—*Addison.*

Rev. S. J. Wilson, pastor of the Sixth Presbyterian church, is one of the Vice Presidents of the Y. M. C. A. convention at Dayton.

The Rt. Rev. Bishop Domenec will dedicate the new church of St. Joseph's, at Oakland, Butler county, on Sunday the 28th inst.

Rev. James Greer, a member of the Erie Conference, and stationed at the second charge, Akron, died on the 16th, after a short illness.

Rev. Dr. Howard, pastor of the Second Presbyterian church, has been with his charge perhaps longer than any other minister in the city.

The Presbyterians of Homestead, are erecting a house of worship. The foundation is completed, and the house will soon be ready for service.

The First Methodist church, Fifth avenue, this city, under the pastoral care of Rev. J. J. Murray, D.D., is increasing in membership and spirituality.

Rev. J. K. Melhorn, pastor of Grace Evangelical Lutheran church, South Side, is engaged in securing funds by which to erect a church at Homestead.

Rev. G. H. Humphrey will lecture in his church, corner of Twentieth and Sarah street, on next Sunday evening. Subject of his discourse, "Virgin Mary."

Rev. Beriah Green, Whitesboro', N. Y., a well-known friend of temperance, died recently while addressing the town Board of Excise against the granting of licenses. He died in a good cause.

Rev. Edward R. Wells, D.D., rector of Christ church, at Redwing, Minn., has been elected Bishop of the Protestant Episcopal diocese of Wisconsin. He is described as a High Churchman, but an anti-Ritualist.

If a man is not rising upward to be an angel, depend upon it, he is sinking downward to be a devil. He cannot stop at the beast. The most savage of men are not beasts; they are worse, a great deal worse.

Rev. Henry C. Westwood, D.D., formerly stationed at Fourth street M. E. church, Wheeling, has recently joined the Presbyterian Church, and connected himself with the presbytery of New Brunswick, N. J.

Rev. J. P. Jones, of Halton, Pa., will preach, morning and evening, in the First Baptist church, South Nineteenth street, next Sabbath. Communion will be administered immediately after morning service.

Rev. Dr. Ellinwood, one of the Secretaries to the Board of Foreign Missions, Presbyterian Church, left New York last week on his proposed visit to the mission stations of his church in China, Japan, India and Syria.

Owing to the renovation of the audience room of the Bingham Street M. E. church, it will be closed for a period of six weeks. Morning services will be held in the lecture room, and evening services in the Market Square.

The Episcopalians of Canada, in Diocesan Synod last week, instructed a committee to prepare an address to the Archbishop of Canterbury in disapproval of the conduct of 453 clergymen, who petitioned for confession in the English Church.

Rev. G. C. Haddock, of Fon-du-Lac, Wisconsin, delivered a stirring temperance lecture at Sheboygan Falls, after which, while going from the meeting he was brutally assailed by three liquor roughs, knocked down, and nearly beaten to death.

Bishop Foster, in his excellent address to the graduating class of the Wesleyan Female College, Cincinnati, Tuesday week, said: "Leave your obligations to the past; be careful of the present, and prepare yourselves for the great future that is before you."

The Third United Presbyterian church, of this city, Rev. S. R. Frazier, pastor, is growing in interest and membership. Last Sabbath twenty persons united with the church, making one hundred and twenty within two years, the period Mr. Frazier has been pastor of the congregation.

Hearing that his pastor intended to preach on the recognition of friends in heaven, a parishioner suggested that he should preach on the recognition of friends on earth, since he had been sitting in his pew twenty years without being recognized by the occupant of the next pew.

The Methodists of Pittsburgh and vicinity have secured a fine location for camp-meeting purposes at Castle Shannon, a few miles south of the city. The several pastors have surveyed the ground and report it as ample and accessible. A purchase has been made on good terms. A camp-meeting it is said, will be held this season.

The *United Presbyterian* says: One of the most foolish things we know of is for persons to get angry at a minister who honestly preaches his convictions. If he is preaching heresy, even, it need not excite wrath, for there is a judicial way of dealing with him. But many hearers listen to something with which they do not agree; they are offended, and then they begin to denounce the man for being honest. He is a poor specimen of public teacher who pleases everybody; for to so be must hide his real convictions and play the part of a shuller and pretender.

PERSONAL.

Imagine the joy of Ira Curtis, of New Haven, who, while fishing for clams the other day, hauled up a pocket book containing several coins and a thousand-dollar roll of bills. Ira will remember that haul till he dies, or till *dies Ira.*

"God-made money" Jones is said to be as generous as he is rich, and most profuse in that generosity. It is reported that his present to Nellie Grant, upon the occasion of her marriage, was a check for $5,000, with the request "that not being much of a lady's man he did not know what she'd like, and so sent the money that she might purchase what best suited her taste."

Colonel Brown, Governor of the Dayton Soldiers' Home, has received word of the probable safety of his son William, who was lost on the plains in March last, and given up for dead after weeks of search. About three weeks ago two friendly Indians brought into a surveying camp, near Fort Laramie, a young man in a state of utter desolation, and apparently insane, who answers to young Brown's description.

Senor Emilio Castelar, one of the ablest, most eloquent, best educated, and most purely patriotic of the Spanish Republicans, has been compelled to seek an asylum in a foreign land. He succeeded in leaving Spain through Gibraltar, where he was received with the honors due to his public position and personal character, and taking passage there in an English steamer, reached Lisbon on the 3d of June. He will visit the United States in the fall.

An amusing episode is related of Governor Allen's visit to the State Lunatic Asylum on Wednesday. One of the patients mysteriously button-holed his Excellency and remarked: "This won't do; they are sending up fellows here who get a little the worse for liquor, and board 'em at the expense of the State. 'Tain't right; there's nothing the matter of 'em but liquor, and don't like to be thrown in such society."

Governor Ingersoll, of Connecticut, recently gave a grand reception at his home in New Haven to a large number of dignitaries, but no liquors were provided, except champagne of a superior quality. A rural representative being asked, the next morning, how he liked the affair, replied, "Wall, pretty fair, pretty fair; a good many thar, a good many, but that Saint a Cruz rum was a leetle the cheapest, poorest article I ever got hold of. Not a particle of snap to it—a regular fraud.

The French Communists in London have issued a revolutionary manifesto which is widely circulated in France, notwithstanding the efforts of the police to stop it on the Belgian frontier and at the ports. It says of the religion (or irreligion) of the Commune:

"We are atheists, because man will never be free till he has driven the idea of God from his mind and reason. It is indispensible that this falsihood, the source of all others, should be denied, because, by means of it, man has been confined, enslaved, robbed and martyred. Let the Commune free humanity forever from this ghost of its past wretchedness, this cause of its present misery. The priest has no place in the Commune; every religious form and organization must be proscribed."

This surpasses even the standard publications of the International. The doctrines reminds us of the days of the French Revolution, but they may fairly be regarded as showing the belief of the Communists.

"If I forget thee, O Jerusalem, may my right hand forget its cunning!" The Athenians loved Athens for its art and intelligence, and the Romans were proud of the majesty of Rome. Boston, however, is bent on destroying all its historic landmarks.

Not a man has, it is boasted, been hung in Florida during the past ten years. Hundreds have doubtless deserved such a fate, however.

FROM REYNOLDSVILLE, PA,

Personal—The Town and Its Founder—Mineral Wealth—Present Development and Future Possibilities—A New Restaurant, &c., &c.

Special Correspondence of Pittsburgh Commercial.

REYNOLDSVILLE, PA., June 25, 1874.

The races at Brookville having wound up on Saturday last, your correspondent, after writing a hasty sketch of them, which appeared in the COMMERCIAL of Monday, concluded to pass the Sabbath in Pittsburgh.

On Tuesday morning a fresh start was made, and taking a seat in the Low Grade Express train, at 9:05 A. M., Pittsburgh time, Brookville was made at 3:20 P. M.; a good square country dinner, served by red-checked, white-aproned, healthy-looking girls, being obtained at Mahoning, some ten miles before reaching Red Bank.

On the train was J. J. Lawrence, Esq., Superintendent of the Allegheny Valley Railroad, accompanied by his wife and three interesting children, who were *en route* to Northumberland county to attend the funeral of Mr. David Watson, father of Mrs. Lawrence, who died early on Tuesday morning, at his residence near Milton. Mr. Watson was sixty-seven years old, and was always regarded as a worthy, prominent and influential citizen.

Leaving Brookville yesterday at 3:25 P. M., this place, which is fifteen miles east, on the way to Driftwood, by rail, was reached about an hour later. There are four stations between Brookville and this point, viz.: Garrison, Fuller, Iowa and Carrier, from all of which large quantities of lumber are shipped.

Reynoldsville is a most eligibly and beautifully located town, of about fifteen hundred inhabitants, situated in the edge of Jefferson county. The place was laid out or founded by Woodward Reynolds, Esq., who was the original patentee of eleven hundred acres of land, where the town now stands. Mr. R. was an intelligent, enterprising, hospitable man, who took a very prominent part in the affairs of this section until about eleven years ago, when he died, leaving behind his wife and nine (out of twelve) children, who still survive him. Although it is nearly, or quite, forty years since Wood. Reynolds, who was a brother of Ab. Reynolds, of Kittanning, settled here, the prospects of the town ever amounting to much were not very bright, until the Jefferson Branch Extension of the Allegheny Valley Railroad was put through vigorously. Now, on account of the richness of the territory in and around it, as well as the means of transportation afforded, it bids fair to rival any of the county seats by which it is surrounded.

This morning early, after a comfortable breakfast at the Belknap House, to which most excellent hotel we directed our footsteps were fortunately directed on arriving here, the host procured an easy carriage from the livery stable of Mr. R. T. Cathers, when a drive through this truly picturesque country, rich in minerals and covered with valuable timber, was indulged in. A pleasant ride of three miles brought us to the first coal bank visited, owned by Mr. George G. Sprague, who inherited the property, and does not seem to realize its value, or know how rich he is. There are one hundred and five acres in the farm, one hundred of which is underlaid with a twelve foot vein of coal, only six of which are worked. The main entrance to the bank extends about four hundred feet, there being several rooms on either side, some of which are fifty feet in width. Mr. S., who is about fifty years of age, and his son, run the business here in a quiet way, using no effort to push things, satisfying themselves by supplying the country demand, in delivering this excellent quality of coal, suitable for any purpose for which coal is ever used, at the bank, at four cents per bushel.

The second bank visited is owned by William Leley, of Reynoldsville, and was opened at the opposite side of the hill, about half a mile from the first. Mr. L. and his son own three hundred acres here, all of which has this valuable coal under it.

They understand and appreciate the value of their property, and although they have not yet commenced shipping coal, design doing so as soon as the Clarion's Run Branch Railroad, a connection of only two miles, which has been surveyed and laid out, is made. The vein here is thirteen feet, and the coal of the best quality.

Adjoining this land is a tract of sixteen hundred acres, formerly the William Reynolds estate, valuable in coal, iron ore, limestone and white pine timber. It is now owned by Nathan Carrier, John A. Wilson and R. J. Nicholson, who paid for it, three years ago, $164,000.

Another bank, where 40 were "down in the coal mine, underneath the ground," is that run by H. S. Belknap, our worthy landlord, who also has a saw mill in successful operation. The reader will doubtless serve that Mr. B. is a man of business. He has a lease of one hundred and twenty-four acres, from the Central Mining and Land Company, and he is working it vigorously. The bank was opened some three years since, but no coal was shipped until three months ago, when he commenced forwarding it to Buffalo, where it commands a good figure, being used in the manufacture of gas. The bank is located about a mile from the town, and it is proposed that the coal is delivered at the depot in wagons. Four or five car loads per day are now shipped, but this number will be largely increased when the hill is cutting through half a mile, to the Reynoldsville side, where trestle work can be built, and the coal dumped right into the the cars. The miners here work for three cents per bushel, and make from four to five dollars per day. They are mostly foreigners, and are sober, industrious and intelligent men.

This is but a hasty and imperfect sketch of a three hours' observation this morning, which I would be pleased to elaborate did time permit. It can be said, however, most truthfully in short, that there is no better field in this region of country for money to make money than right here, while the county is remarkably healthy, with pure air and water, and the people honest, intelligent and hospitable. I have seldom visited a better place to build a town, or one where there were greater inducements for the investment of capital.

Among the institutions now being fitted up here for the accommodation of the traveling public, is a first class restaurant and eating house. This great want is being supplied by J. A. Stephenson, the agent of the COMMERCIAL. He will have his house, which is only a few feet from the depot, in full blast early next week. Mr. S. is a worthy, intelligent and enterprising gentleman, deserving the fullest success. He will be assisted in the new depot and in the restaurant, by his son, a most polite and attentive young gentleman of about sixteen years.

Must get ready for the train going to Driftwood this afternoon, so for the present good-bye. JOHN.

FROM BROOKVILLE, PA.

The Lazy Days—No Action Looking to the Celebration of the Fourth—An Escape from Jail—Personal—Telegraphic—The News Rivalry at an End.

Special Correspondence of Pittsburgh Commercial.

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The extreme heat of the last few days makes it so *dolce far niente*, that your correspondent has not been about enough to pick up any stray items of news. These hot days we notice that the elegant soda fountain in McKnight & Bros.'s drug store receives a large share of public patronage.

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Night before last, the "Hiphenoogenmum," convicted at the last term of court of selling liquor, and sentenced to a certain term of imprisonment in the county jail, took French leave of his kind entertainers, let himself out, and quietly departed for parts unknown. This case of "breaking jail" (?) scarcely elicited any comment, so common an occurrence has it become for the prisoners in our jail, who, let their crime be what it may, have the liberty of the entire building, and generally come and go as they please—to walk off, as in this instance, when they become tired of their quarters. It is rumored that "Hiphenoogen," a few nights prior to his escape, went down to his shanty, loaded up and sent off his effects, preparatory to following them. We think this matter needs looking into. If men make themselves amenable to the laws, and when convicted are sentenced to durance, let their punishment be fully in accordance with their sentence. For the honor of our laws and the safety of our community, this way of keeping criminals in jail should at once end; or, as times are hard, and taxes heavy, perhaps it would be as well to close up the jail and let the law breakers board at their homes, and so the county a useless expense.

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Mower Trial.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Commercial.

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The Congressional Republican Committee have actively begun organizing the fall canvass, and will soon issue an address to the country.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS—TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT,
JAMES S. NEGLEY, Pittsburgh.

FOR CONGRESS—TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT,
THOMAS M. BAYNE, Allegheny.

FOR STATE SENATE—FORTY-SECOND DISTRICT,
HUGH McNEILL, Allegheny.

FOR STATE SENATE—FORTY-FOURTH DISTRICT,
JNO. C. NEWMYER, Wilkins Township.

FOR STATE SENATE—FORTY-FIFTH DISTRICT,
MILES S. HUMPHREYS, Pittsburgh.

FOR ASSEMBLY—FIRST DISTRICT,
HENRY M. LONG,
W. H. GRAHAM,
HENRY GERWIG.

FOR ASSEMBLY—SECOND DISTRICT,
JAMES ONSLOW,
CHARLES JEREMY.

FOR ASSEMBLY—FOURTH DISTRICT,
D. B. MORRISON,
S. J. WAINWRIGHT,
J. P. McCORD,
JAMES LARIMER.

FOR ASSEMBLY—FIFTH DISTRICT,
B. C. CHRISTY, Sewickley,
H. K. SAMPLE.

FOR ASSEMBLY—SIXTH DISTRICT,
A. B. YOUNG,
GEORGE ARCHIBALD.

FOR JUDGE ORPHANS' COURT,
W. G. HAWKINS, Jr., Wilkins Township.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
E. A. MONTOOTH, Pittsburgh.

FOR ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
JOHN McQUAIDE, Etna.

FOR COMMISSIONER,
G. W. WEDDELL, McKeesport Borough.

FOR DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
HENRY R. CHALFANT.

Life Without Enjoyment.

No human being whose stomach and liver are disordered can enjoy life. Business is a fatigue and a bore, and all amusements "flat and unprofitable," to the victim of indigestion, biliousness, and disturbances of the bowels and the nerves which always accompany them. The shortest, surest, safest way to get rid of these evils, and of the mental despondency which grows out of them, is to tone and regulate the system with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Of all stimulants it is the purest, of all vegetable tonics the most attractive, of all cathartics the mildest, of all anti-bilious preparations the most swift and certain in its operation. During the twenty-odd years that it has been in use it has lived down professional prejudices, distanced competition, and taken rank as the standard restorative of the age.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,

NO. 61 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.

Assets January 1, 1873 - $778,251 56.

CHARTERED IN 1862.

Open daily from 9 to 4 o'clock, and on SATURDAY EVENINGS, from May 1st to November 1st, 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of Six Per Cent., computed from the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Book of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.

BOARD OF MANAGERS.

GEO. A. BERRY, President.
JOHN SCOTT, JAS. PARK, Jr., Vice Presidents.
D. E. MCKINLEY, Secretary and Treasurer.
A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, G. Follansbee, Joseph Eichbaum, R. H. Harbaugh, Robert C. Schmertz, Christopher Zug.
John H. Bailey, Solicitor.

FAMILY MEDICINES.

SPECIALTIES!

Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

We make a Specialty of

Sponges, Fine Hair Brushes, Combs, Pocket Books, Imported Perfumes, Cosmetics, Hair Oils, Chamois Skins and Patent Medicines.

You will always find the Largest and Best Assorted Stock of the above articles at the Drug and Family Medicine Store of

JOSEPH BROWNE,
Cor. Penn Avenue and Sixth Street.

SUMMER RESORTS.

TO TOURISTS!

Lake View House!

This House is situated on the banks of Lake Erie, one and a half miles from the town of North East, Pa., and fifteen miles east of Erie, on the Lake Shore Railroad. The place has long been known to offer superior inducements as a "SUMMER RESORT" to those who seek quiet and rest from the noise and dust of a city. It has a fine Beach for Bathing, Fishing and Rowing. Groves and Carriage Drives, together with an abundance of Fruit of every variety in their season. Having leased the place, I shall be able to merit a fair proportion of the pleasure-seeking public. I propose to keep my own Dairy, thereby having fresh milk and butter. The table will be supplied with everything that can be grown on a Lake Farm. To insure accommodation, Rooms should be secured by letter or telegram, addressed to H. S. SOUTH, North East, Pa. Ladies without escorts will be met at depot, if notifying the time of their arrival, and guests will receive every attention to render their stay beneficial and agreeable. Price of Board included, from $5 00 to $8 00 per week; Day Board $1 50.

The House will be opened JULY 1ST, 1874.

Omnibuses and Carriages running to and from all trains. Fare to grounds 25 cents.

ISAAC ROCKWELL, Proprietor.

BERKELEY SPRINGS AND BATHS

Bath, Morgan County, West Virginia,

Two and a half miles from Sir John's Run Station, on Baltimore and Ohio Road, 200 miles East of Pittsburgh.

TWO TRAINS DAILY.

The BERKELEY SPRINGS HOTEL,

With first-class accommodations for 500 guests, is now open for the reception of visitors. Every modern improvement will be found at this delightful Mountain Resort—pure air, beautiful scenery, fishing, hunting, magnificent swimming pool.

Every variety of Baths; natural temperature, 74 degrees Fahrenheit, possessing wonderful curative properties. Post, express and telegraph in office of Hotel. Round Trip Tickets at reduced rates, good till October 31st. Carriages moderate; liberal arrangements with families.

Apply at Hotel of Pittsburgh, Washington and Baltimore Short Line Railroad for circulars.

For Rooms apply to

A. R. POTTS, Proprietor.

BEDFORD Mineral Springs.

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RENOVO HOTEL,

A delightful and healthy Summer Resort, on the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad, also located on the west branch of the Susquehanna river, surrounded by beautiful mountain scenery, will be opened for the invisity, will open for Boarders JUNE 22. Accommodation first-class and charges reasonable. Train leaves Union Depot at 2.35 A. M., arriving at Renovo at 4.15 P. M. The route to Renovo is one of the most attractive and picturesque Summer trips that can be enjoyed. Excursion Tickets at reduced rates for sale at 78 Fifth avenue and Union Depot. For Rooms and rates apply to

R. M. N. TAYLOR, Proprietor,
RENOVO, CLINTON COUNTY, PA.

Thomson House,

AT KANE, PA.,

On the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad,

Situated on the summit of the Alleghenies, 2,000 feet above the sea, will be open for Summer guests on JUNE 22d. Train leaves Union Depot at 2.35 A. M., arriving at Kane at 8.15 P. M.

For Rooms and rates apply to

R

AZARD & MONTAGUE

No. 6 Broad Street,

BROKERS IN

OCK AND GOLD PRIVILEGES.

STOCK PRIVILEGES," $100 and commission to purchase a first-class contract, giving you the right at calling or delivering (t. s., being "long") 100 shares of any active stock, at any time in thirty days, and $150 to $200 for sixty days and commission will purchase an A1 contract the time and terms as stocks) on $50,000 American gold coin. These contracts, known as "puts" and "calls," are now used by many operators in preference to speculating on a margin, as no further call or outlay is incurred beyond the amount you deposit with us. Privileges can be had from 100 shares upwards on stocks, and $10,000 and upwards on gold. Per further particulars, write or send for our explanatory Circular," any active stock, at any time in thirty days, and $150 to $200 for sixty days and commission will purchase an A1 contract the time and terms as stocks) on $50,000 American gold coin. These contracts, known as "puts" and "calls," are now used by many operators in preference to speculating on a margin, as no further call or outlay is incurred beyond the amount you deposit with us. Privileges can be had from 100 shares upwards on stocks, and $10,000 and upwards on gold. Per further particulars, write or send for our explanatory Circular," settlement to be made at time of purchase, or on our delivery of the contracts to your agents or bankers in New York. All "puts" and "calls" negotiated by us are signed by members of the New York Stock Exchange, or bankers of acknowledged responsibility and credit.

Refer by permission to George D. Munroe, 68 Broadway; D. R. Yeiller, 101 Wall street; D. P. Morgan, of Spence, Montague & Co.; E. G. Pearl, Pearl & Co., 19 New street; E. S. Munroe & Co., Broad street; C. F. Davenport, 67 Exchange Place; R. L. Cooke, New York Stock Exchange.

HAZARD & MONTAGUE,

6 Broad street, New York.

A. A. McCARTY,

BROKER,

No. 64 Fourth Avenue.

WANTED,

MORTGAGES

FOR TWO OR THREE YEARS.

WS

FINANCE AND TRADE.

FRIDAY EVENING, June 26, 1874.

The local money market is drifting into the usual summer letargy intensified by the unusual dullness among our manufacturers.

Enterprise seems to be stopping or resting from the effects of over exertion and perhaps gaining strength for a new effort in the future. Money is abundant and borrowers are easily satisfied, yet there are a class of borrowers who would always complain of the closeness of money, and were it doubled in amount and reduced in rates of interest to a minimum, such borrowers would always find the market close, for they never learn to know that is not the condition of the market that enables them, but that their securities are not satisfactory to lenders.

The brokers that have been accustomed to pay a premium for the notes of sustained national banks, announce that the currency bill takes away the premium on these notes. They are, however, still paying 1 per cent. for notes of banks which failed prior to September, 1873.

The Executive Committee of the Clearing House Association, held a meeting today to take into consideration certain rules governing the banks, in their charges for exchange and for making collections. A full meeting of the Association is called for tomorrow, the 27th.

The new currency and banking law is expressed in such ambiguous language in some the most important sections that it is open to other constructions than those which it is believed were intended. Thus, in section 2 of the new law it is provided, that national banks shall no longer be required to keep on hand any reserve whatever against their circulation, but that the total amount of reserves to be kept on hand by them shall be determined only by the amount of deposits, as provided for in section 31." Turning to section 31 of the national Currency act, we find that the country national banks are permitted to keep 60 per cent. of their aggregate reserve in the form of balances "available for the redemption of their circulation," and due to them from approved associations in the agent for the redemption of their circulating notes. Now, as the new law seals the privilege of redeeming national bank notes any where but at the counters of the banks, and at the United States Treasury, does it not abolish all other redeeming agencies, and if so, does it not abolish the balances in other national banks available for the redemption of their circulating notes" which the national banks have been accustomed to count as part of their reserves. And if this is so, would it not oblige the country national banks, at least, to keep the whole of their reserves against deposits in their own vaults? But while it is certain that the new law will bear construction, it is believed that such was not the intention of Congress. In section 3 of the national bank act, the reserve cities are permitted to keep one-half of their reserves in the form of balances "in the city of New York." In this case there is no ambiguity, as in the case of the country national banks, and the effect of the new law manifestly is to permit the banks in the redemption cities to keep one-half of their reserves against deposits in the form of balances from their New York correspondents, as they have done heretofore. Notwithstanding the ambiguity in regard to the country national banks, it is, therefore, a reasonably construction of the new law that the country national banks should also be permitted to keep per cent. of their reserves against deposits in the form of balances due from their correspondents in the redemption cities.

On the other hand, if this 5 per cent. redemption fund in the Treasury is to be considered lieu of the forced redemption agencies, and this is the only part of their reserve against deposits, which, according to the language of section 31 of the old law, may consist of "such sums available for the redemption of their circulating notes," the net result of all this juggling will be the reserves would be that it would require the banks to keep about $30,000,000 less specie in their vaults as reserves against deposits than they do now. In other words, it would make a contraction of $30,000,000.

It seems reasonable, however, that what is meant is that the 5 per cent. redemption fund in the Treasury shall be considered as part of the 60 per cent. of the reserves of country banks, and the 60 per cent. of the reserves of the banks in redemption cities which they are permitted to keep in the form of balances due from correspondents. In this case the total amount of greenbacks and legal tenders which the banks would be about $12,000,000 to $13,000,000.

The following table shows the prices of gold, government bonds, railway stocks, &c., at the various sessions of the New York Stock Exchange during the day. Furnished by the St. Clair Banking Company, No. 16 Sixth street:

June 26, 1874.	10:30	11:30	12:30	1:30	2:30
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
1881	111¾	111¾	111¾	111¾	111¾
1881	111¾	111¾	.....	.....	111¾
1881, coup	122	121¾	.....	.....	122
1867	117¾	117¾	.....	.....	117¾
1868	117¾	117¾	.....	.....	117¾
1880	118¾	118	.....	.....	118
1865, new	117¾	117¾	.....	.....	117¾
1865	120¾	120¾	.....	.....	120¾
1865, coup	120¾	120¾	.....	.....	120¾
1865	114	114	.....	.....	114¼
1865, coup	114	114	.....	.....	114¼
1865, new	114¼	114¼	.....	.....	114¼
coupons	114¼	114¼	.....	.....	114¼
rency 6's	115	115	.....	.....	115
5 per cent	107	107	.....	.....	107
gistered, 1867	116¾	116¾	.....	.....	116¾
stern Union Tel	75¾	75¾	75¾	75¾	75¾
ams Express	45¾	45¾	.....	.....	45¾
lls-Fargo Express	79½	79½	79½	79½	79½
erican Express	61	61	.....	.....	61
ited States Express	99	99	.....	.....	99
w York Central	99½	99¼	99	99	99¼
ichigan Central	75	.....	.....	.....	.....
ichigan Southern	74¾	74¾	74¾	74¾	74¾
inois Central	94	.....	.....	.....	.....
ve. and Pitts	57¾	.....	.....	57¾	.....
icago & Northw'n	40¾	40¾	.....	41	41¾
o. preferred	79	79	.....	.....	80¾
k Island	97½	97½	97¾	97¾	97¾
Paul, common	37¾	37¾	.....	.....	37¾
ash'l, common	34¾	34½	34½	34¾	34¾
t Wayne	93	.....	.....	93	.....
o and Mississippi	25½	25½	.....	25½	25½
ion Pacific	26¾	26¾	26¾	26¾	26¾
icago and Alton	.....	.....	.....	.....	102
rfolk	125	125	.....	.....	125
in. State bonds, old	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
in. State bonds, new	.....	.....	.....	79	80
uth Carolina, April	.....	.....	.....	19	.....
uth Carolina, July	.....	.....	.....	19	20
issouri 6's	.....	.....	.....	97	97

—The following is a report of the leading stocks on the Philadelphia Stock Board at 10 o'clock to-day. Furnished by Luther S. Kauffman, broker, 96 Fourth avenue:

	Bid.	Asked.
ansylvania Central	40¾	.....
ansylvania scrip	102¾	.....
ding	57¾	.....
ited Railroad Companies N. J.	127	128½
Creek	45¾	46
high Valley	60	.....
ntral Transportation Company	44¾	45
nhandle	67	.....

—Hazard & Montagug, brokers in stock and gold privileges, 6 Broad street New York. Straddles, or double privileges, on 100 shares stock at market price on signing contract, 30 days, $300@400; 60 days, $400@500. Puts or calls, $100 for 100 shares 30 days; $150 to $200, 60 days, at following distance from the market, all on members New York Stock Exchange, or responsible parties:

	Puts, Below Market.	Calls, Above Market.
June 15, 1874	⅝@ ¾	⅝@ ¾
old, 30 days for $80	⅝@ ¾	⅝@ ¾
old, 60 days for $100	1 @1¼	1 @1¼
estern U. Telegraph	1¼@1½	2 @2¼
cific Mail	2 @2¼	2 @2¼
Y. Central & Hudson	2¼@2½	2 @2¼
rlem	2½@3	3 @3¼
rie	2½@3	3 @3¼
ake Shore	2 @2¾	2½@3¼
orthwestern	2 @2½	2½@3
ock Island	2 @2½	2½@3
& St. Paul	1½@2	2 @2½
abash	1½@2	2½@3
nio & Mississippi	½@1	1 @1½
nion Pacific	1 @1½	2 @2½
annibal & St. Joseph	2 @2½	2½@3
C. & I. C	1½@2	2½@3

ir commission buying puts or calls—every 100 shares..... $6 25
ir commission buying straddles—every 100 shares..... 12 50

PRODUCE AND GENERAL MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, FRIDAY, June 26, 1874.

Trade was rather quiet among wholesale merchants to-day, and the movement of merchandise was somewhat short of the average, for the last three day there has been a pretty active business done in wool. Outside of that staple, however, trade to-day was decidedly dull. Values remain quite steady, if we except an upward movement in rye, an irregularity in wheat and a slight shading in the price of eggs and new potatoes.

We notice in the Gallipolis, Ohio, *Journal* a quotation of new wheat, from which it appears that that grain is being purchased from producers at $1 00 ₩ bushel for red, and $1 10 for white.

The receipts of the leading articles of produce since our last are as follows:

lour, bbls	2,975
orn, sks	1,193
ye, sks	182
ecan, tcs	10
Cheese, bxs	234
Wheat, sks	710
Oats, sks	1,197

The following quotations are rates realized wholesale transactions unless otherwise noticed. On small sales dealers will charge n advance.

GRAIN, FLOUR AND FEED.

GRAIN—The grain market was rather quiet to-day. The receipts are slightly improved, but are still quite light. Wheat is irregular and ranges from $1 35@1 40 for No. 1 red winter and $1 38@1 45 for No. 2 red winter. The demand and a shade higher. We quote at $1 38@1 for prime yellow ear; 70@75c for shelled. Oats also show an upward tendency and range from 60@62c for prime white; 58@60c for mixed. Rye is firm and advanced at $1 06@1 10; receipts are also somewhat improved. Barley continues nominal. We note sales in round lots as follows:

1 car red winter wheat	$1 35
1 car red winter wheat	1 37½
1 car oats, prime white, buyers furnish sacks	60¢
1 car oats, prime white, on track	59
1 car ear corn	83
1 car shelled corn	78

Sales in a jobbing way and to country trade were fair to-day, at prices 2@4c above quotations.

FLOUR—The jobbing trade in flour was moderately active with a notable firmness in spring wheat flours. Trade in round lots was very dull. We note prices as follows: St. Louis $6 00@10 50 ₩ bbl; white winter wheat $7 00@7 75; Minnesota spring wheat $7 00@7 25; Wisconsin $6 75; red winter $7 25@7 50; rye flour $6 00; Graham flour $7 25@7 50; corn meal $5 50; oat meal $7 25@8 00 ₩ bbl. Prices of city mills flour are as follows: No. 1 white wheat flour $8 50 ₩ bbl; No. 1 red wheat $7 00; No. 2 red wheat $7 30; in sacks 30c off ₩ bbl.

HAY AND STRAW—We quote at $23 00@24 00 ₩ ton from store, and $20 00 on the wharf. Wagon hay on the Allegheny hay market was quoted at $27 00@28 00 for No. 1 timothy; No. 2 $23 00@24 00; common to good $20 00@21 00. Straw is quoted at $15 00@17 00 ₩ ton.

MILL FEED—The market is steady and prices firm. We quote bran at $1 05@1 10 ₩ cwt.; middlings $1 20@1 60; oil meal $1 90@2 00; chopped feed $1 25@1 35 ₩ cwt.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

BUTTER—The market for butter continues very dull. Choice yellow is quoted at 15@17c, and some fancy grades at 20c ₩ lb; good to prime 10@12c.

BEANS—Prime white navy beans are quoted at $2 10@2 25; medium $2 45@2 50; fair to good $2 25@2 35.

BEESWAX—We quote white wax at 38@40c; yellow 33@36c; dark 30@32c.

APPLE BUTTER—Prime 8@9 gal; fair to good 6@7c.

CHICKENS—Live, spring 60@65c; old 70@75c ₩ pair as to size—market good.

CHEESE—The market is quiet, with unchanged prices. We quote Ohio factory at 13¼@14c; Western Reserve dairy at 11@12c. Dairy-sweet Cheese—Quotations are given at 9@10c ₩ ₩.

DRIED FRUIT—Apples, choice new are quoted at 11@12c ₩ ₩; choice peaches 13c ₩ ₩; mixed 7@10c; blackberries, choice, 22c.

EGGS—The market is a shade lower, under the influence of free receipts. We quote at 16@17c ₩ doz. for strictly fresh.

FEATHERS—Are quoted as follows: No. 1 ₩ ₩ 70c; No. 2 ₩ ₩ 60c.

HOPS—The market is very dull, with little trade of any sort. We quote growth of 1872 at 2@3c ₩ lb; old stock 1@2c ₩ lb.

HONEY—Lower 20c ₩ ₩; buckwheat blossom 20c.

HOMINY—Quotations are at $5 00 ₩ bbl.

ONIONS—Inferior to prime 2 50@2 75 ₩ bbl.

POTATOES—Old potatoes are nearly out of market, and what there are on the market are held at $1 10@1 20 per bushel from store; 95c@$1 05 on track. New Potatoes are in a shade higher at $5 00@5 50 per barrel.

SWEET POTATOES—There is a light supply in market without much demand. We quote at $5 00 per barrel.

GROCERIES.

The trade movement among the wholesale grocers to-day was rather quiet. Prices are unchanged, as follows:

Green Coffees.			
Fancy	25¢	Oolong	25 @ 85
Choice	24½¢	Fancy	$1 00
Prime	23½¢	Souchong	25 @ 85
Good	22 ¢	*Strictly choice N.O*	@38¢
Java	33 ¢	*Prime*	@35¢
Roasted Coffees.		*Prime*	@35¢
Rio, in papers	29 ¢	Demerara	63@70¢
Rio, gold	30 ¢		
Roasted Java	40 ¢	*Ex. white drips*	@75¢
Sugars.		*Sugar cuttings*	@12½¢
Standard A	10¾¢	*Lower grades*	4½@9¢
Standard B	10¾¢	*Rice.*	₩ ₩.
Granulated	10¾¢	Choice Carolina	9@9½¢
Standard hards	11¾¢	Patna	8@9¾¢
Franklin extra	9¼¢	Rangoon	@ 8¢
American extra C	9¼¢	*Raisins.*	
Teas.		Layers, ₩ box	$3 25
Young Hyson	50@81 00	Valencias, ₩ lb	9@12½¢
Gunpowder	50@$1 25	Currants	7½@ 8¢
Imperial	50@$1 00	Prunes	13½@14¢
Japan	55@80		

PROVISIONS.

BACON AND PROVISIONS—Trade is fairly active at the following quotations: Canvassed hams, 13c; canvassed shoulders, 9c; canvassed, ₩ ₩, 09½c; breakfast bacon, clear 13c; short rib 12½c; dried beef, canvassed, 17c; beef tongues, ₩ doz, $7 50; bacon shoulders, ₩ ₩, 8½c; rib sides, do, 10½c; short rib sides, do, 11½c; clear sides, do, 11½c; mess pork, ₩ bbl, $19 50; prime leaf lard, in tierces, ₩ ₩, 12½c; city refined for consumer in tierces do, 12½c; ₩ bbls, do, 13½c, buckets, do, 13½c in 3 ₩ caddies, do, 14½c in 5 ₩ caddies, do, 14c in 3 ₩ pails, do, 15½c; in 5 ₩ pails, do, 15c; in 6 ₩ pails, do, 14½c.

FISH—There is an active demand for all classes of new fish, but the market is dull for old, and little is done in that line. Prices are as follows:

No. 1 extra mess		Lake trout	$7 50
mackerel ₩ bbl	$31 00	White fish	7 50
No. 1 mess do	26 00	Lake herring	3 50
Extra No. 1 shore	23 00	Potomac herring	
Extra No. 1 bay	19 00	₩ bbl	6 75
No. 1 bay	17 00	Potomac herring	
No. 1 white	14 00	₩ bbl	3 63
No. 2 bay	11 00	Potomac shad, ₩	
New No. 2	14 25	bbls	7 00
Georges codfish		Burlng'n herring	
₩ lbs	6 50	S. C., ₩ bbl	1 75
Medium do	5 00		

On hf bbls 32c for extra packing is charged.

CARBON OIL—We quote crude in car from store, at 13 ₩ gall; in car lots at the usual deduction. Market dull.

COUNTRY BACON—Market active and firm; hams 10@11c ₩ lb; clear sides 10@10½c; ribbed sides 8½@9c; shoulders 7@7½c. Country lard 9 @10c, as to quality.

LARD OIL—We quote extra winter strained at 90@92c ₩ gallon; summer do, 85@87c.

TALLOW—Sales at 7c ₩ lb for prime and 6½c for medium. Demand good and market firm.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ASHES—The market is very dull and there is nothing doing: Soda ashes, refined 4½@4¾c; common 2½@4c; black heat do, 2½@3c; potash 9c; pearls 10c.

ALES—X ₩ 90 ₩ bbl; XX $10 00 ₩ bbl; Indiana $11 00 ₩ bbl; Bass' English ale, in kilderkins of 22 gal, $34 00@35 00; bbls, 41 gals, $40 00@41 00; hhds, 68 gals, $62 50@65 00; in cases, 4 doz bottles, $20 25.

BROOMS—We quote as follows: Common 65 to 70 ₩ gallon; medium $2 00@2 50; fine $2 75@3 25; choice $3 50@3 75; extra $4 00; carpet brooms $1 00@1 25; whisk brooms $1 50 ₩ dozen.

BROOM CORN—In fair demand. We note sales of Hurl at 9@10c; green 7@8c; red 5@6c; ₩ ₩.

BAGGING—Bags for Pittsburgh and vicinity: 1¼ cans $1 50 ₩ doz; 1½ cans $1 60; 1¾ cans $1 70; 2 cans $2 00; 2½ cans $2 60; 3 lb cans $3 00; 5 lb cans $4 00; Boston, brown cottons, Ile; Eagle, Ile; Indian, 10½c; Duquesne, 9½c; Magnolia, 9½c; Penn Mill 2 A, 9½c; Pittsburgh, 9½c; Nonstook, 10½c; Pittsburgh family, 10c; Juniata B, fine, 9½c; Penn Mill 2 bus bags 35c; do 2½ bus, 40c; do 3 bus 50c; white cotton bags, 12c; do colored 38c; cotton batting 16c; cotton twine 31c.

CEMENT—Louisville hydraulic cement $2 60@2 75 ₩ bbl; Phoenix hydraulic cement $2 00@2 25 ₩ bbl; Rosendale Cement $3 00@3 25 per barrel; $7 75@2 00; Portland cement; $7 50@8 00.

CONCENTRATED LYE—Quotations are given at $7 50@8 00.

CRACKERS—We quote as follows: Lemon biscuit at 11c; ginger snaps 12c; soda crackers 6½c; soda crackers 6½c; sugar crackers 9@9½c; butter crackers 6½c; water crackers 6½c ₩ ₩.

PAPERS—Baling papers 4@8c ₩ ₩, as to quality; manilla 7@12c; hardware papers 6@12c; bag wrapping 1½@6½c; felt papers 4@5c; straw news, 4@11c; rag, news, 12½@13c; book papers 15@18c ₩ ₩.

RAISIN SUN STOVE POLISH—Sales made $6 00 ₩ gross.

RAGS—Cotton at 2½@3c ₩ ₩ and woolen at 1½c.

SAPOLIO—Cases of 6 dozen, $6 00; hand sapolio, cases of 6 dozen, $5 00.

SALT—Car lots, ₩ bbl, $1 90, jobbing lots $1 80@1 85.

WHISKY—The market is quiet and steady. We quote highwines at $1 09@1 09½ ₩ gall.

PITTSBURGH OIL TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, SATURDAY, June 27, 1874.

REMARKS—The oil market yesterday exhibited more strength than it has shown for some time past. The upward movement reported from the producing regions, and the speculative demand caused thereby, made the market quite strong, and gave prices a very decided upward tendency. It is now thought that the new strikes in oil, the reports of which excited so strong an influence in keeping prices down, were very much over-estimated, and that the production of crude oil, will not prove so much out of proportion to the demand, as has been supposed. It may also be conjectured that other influences, which have been exerting a powerful bearing effect upon the market, have ceased, or may now produce an opposite result.

CRUDE.

The market for crude is firm, with a very strong demand for spot and short deliveries. Holders are disposed to await developments before selling largely and buyers are numerous. We quote United at wells at 87½@92½c; immediate shipment 95c; United at river $1 17½@1 21¼. Sales as follows are reported from

PARKERS:

8,000 bbls United, at wells	87½@92½c
1,000 bbls, immediate shipment	93c
4,500 bbls United at river	$1 17½@1 21¼

STATE BONDS.

Missouri 6s	97
Tennessee, old	39
Tennessee, new	39
Virginia, new	32
Virginia, old	30½
North Carolina, old	18
N'th Carolina, new	13¾

THE STOCK MARKET.

Railroad bonds were quiet and firmer. Stocks were strong up to midday when the tone sagged, ranged from ¼ to 1¼ per cent. At the second board the weakness set in again. The closing quotations of the day were current. During the closing hours the market became strong and prices advanced ¼ to 1 per cent, on the transactions. The final dealings there was a reaction of ¼ to ⅜ per cent. There was considerable business done in Erie at selected options of fifteen days, the price of stock being higher than at London and Amsterdam. The sales on time having been made as a protection against a "corner." Among the sales to-day 32,000 shares were Western Union, 17,000 Pacific Mail, 6,000 New York Central, 14,000 Erie, 58,000 Lake Shore, 28,000 Union Pacific, 11,000 Northwestern, 9,000 St. Paul and 25,000 Wabash. The following are the closing quotations:

Canton	57	Do preferred	58
W. U. Telegraph	22¼	Wabash	34½
Quicksilver	22	Do preferred	65
Adams Express	107	Ft. Wayne	93
Wells, Fargo & Co	79	Terre Haute	7
American Ex	69½	Do preferred	26
U. S. Express	79	Chicago & Alton	93
Pacific Mail	43½	Do preferred	106
N. Y. Central	99¾	Ohio & Mississippi	25¾
Quicksilver	22	Cleve. Col. & Cin	21½
Do preferred	49	Burlington & Q	101½
Mariposa	10	Lake Shore	74¾
Do preferred	15	Panama	18
Michigan Central	75	Illinois Central	96
Ft. W. & Chicago	97½	Union Pacific	26¾
Northwestern	41¾	Central Pacific	93¾
Do preferred	59½	Union	107
Rock Island	98	Hannibal & Erie	1
New Jersey Cent'l	107¾	Delaware & Lac	103½
St. Paul	38	Bankers' bills	108¾

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMERS.

DATE OF DEPARTURE FROM NEW YORK.

Pembroke	June 27	Cardiff.	
Pereire	June 27	France.	
Nevada	June 27	Liverpool.	
City of Richmond	June 27	Liverpool.	
Java	June 27	Liverpool.	
Great Republic	June 27	Liverpool.	
Montana	June 27	Liverpool.	
Russia	July 1	Liverpool.	

FROM BOSTON.

Siberia	June 27	Liverpool.	

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

OBSERVER'S OFFICE, SIGNAL SERVICE, U. S. A. PITTSBURGH, June 26, 1874.

The following is the report of the stage of water, with changes in the twenty-four hours ending 8 p. m.

STATIONS.	ABOVE LOW W'R.	CHANGE—OB		DIRE'N OF WIND.	STATE OF WEATHER.
	Ft.	In.	Ft.	In.	
Boonville	9	5	+1	0	S. W. Cloudy.
Brownsville	1	0	+0	1	N. W. Fair.
Brunswick	9	4	—0	7	N. W. Fair.
Carrollton	10	0	—0	2	N. W. Fair.
Cincinnati	6	2	—0	1	W. Fair.
Confluence	0	3	...	...	Fair.
Cumberland	5	0	—0	1	S. W. Fair.
Evansville	5	3	+0	10	S. W. Cloudy.
Dubuque	8	6	+0	1	... Fair.
Fort Sully	2	0	...	...	N. W. Fair.
Freeport	2	9	—0	1	S. Cloudy.
Hermann	12	1	—0	1	S. W. Cloudy.
Jeffers'n City	11	11	—0	6	W. Clear.
Kansas City	15	5	—0	2	S. W. Cloudy.
Keokuk	15	7	—0	3	W. Clear.
Leavenw'th	7	8	—0	2	S. Fair.
Lexington	5	6	—0	1	S. W. Fair.
Larrowee	6	6	—0	6	S. E. Cloudy.
Leclaire	4	5	+0	2	S. W. Fair.
Louisville	4	5	—0	1	S. W. Fair.
Marietta	5	9	—0	1	S. W. Cloudy.
Memphis	14	6	—0	1	S. W. Cloudy.
Nashville	7	0	—0	1	S. W. Fair.
N. Geneva	3	3	—0	1	S. W. Cloudy.
Omaha	11	6	—0	1	W. Fair.
Omaha	11	9	—0	1	S. Fair.
Paducah	6	2	—0	1	S. Clear.
Pittsburgh	5	2	—0	1	S. W. Fair.
Plattsm'th	4	6	...	...	S. E. Fair.
Shreveport	14	5	—0	2	W. Fair.
St. Joseph	10	7	—0	2	S. W. Fair.
St. Louis	18	10	—0	7	S. W. Fair.
St. Paul	2	0	...	...	N. Clear.
Vicksburg	23	6	—0	6	S. W. Fair.
Warsaw	5	10	—0	1	S. W. Fair.
Yankton	3	7	—0	1	S. W. Fair.
Morgan'n	0	5	—0	1	S. W. Cloudy.

*Surface of water below bench mark.

GEORGE H. ROSE, Observer, Signal Service, U. S. A.

Greensboro, Pa.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

GREENSBORO, PA., June 26, 1874.

River stationary with 2 feet of water in the channel. Weather cloudy at 5 p. m.

Brownsville, Pa.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

BROWNSVILLE, PA., June 26, 1874.

River stationary at 5 feet. Weather cloudy; thermometer 83 at 6 p. m.

Wheeling, W. Va.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WHEELING, W. VA., June 26, 1874.

Weather cloudy and warm. River 4 feet and falling. Departed—Science, for Parkersburg.

For Additional Dispatches see Fourth page.

RIVER NEWS.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

Arrived.

Geneva..... M. A. Cox.....Geneva.
Elector..... Abrams.....Geneva.

Departed.

E. Bennett..... Donafson.....Geneva.
Elector..... Timms.....Geneva.

MONONGAHELA—Two feet three inches and falling.

Boats Advertised to Depart.

Brownsville and Geneva—Morning boat, 8 A. M.; evening, 4 P. M.

The marks last evening indicated two feet three inches and falling slowly. The weather was cloudy during the day, with indications of rain.

GALLIPOLIS collected $68 wharfage last week.

THE R. W. Skillinger will be off the docks by Saturday or the first of next week.

THE Scioto had a dull appearance below the Suspension bridge. Nothing doing.

THE Billy Collins has taken the place of the Frank Willard as the mail packet between Gallipolis and Ironton.

IT was reported on the landing yesterday morning that the Argosy was about to change hands and sail for Cairo.

THE Argosy Journal says—Two of the Charley Bowen's barges were still aground at Rising Sun when the Paragon passed up.

THE Granite State will take the place of the Telegraph during the low water season, and the Ashland will take the place of the St. James.

THE packets on the slack water arrive and depart on time with the regularity of a railroad train. These boats are conveying a large number of passengers.

Memphis Avalanche, 25th: "Capt. Woodruff, late of the sunken steamer Hallie, left here yesterday for Little Rock. In connection with Capt. James Bowlin, he has secured the machinery of the sunken steamer Dardinelle, and will shortly contract for a new boat to run in the Upper Arkansas trade, and hopes to be completed in time for next season's business. It is possible that the lower river packet, the Hallie, will be made wider when she goes to Paducah to repair, a few weeks hence."

THE Cincinnati *Enquirer* says: Capt. Sam James, the chief clerk and business manager of the Charmer, had the boat insured for $5,000, which fact was unknown to his father, and is why it was telegraphed yesterday that there was no insurance on the boat. The Charmer was eleven years old, and has been a profitable boat and paying investment for her different owners. Her insurance valuation was $7,500, and she was insured in the National, of this city, for $2,500, and in the Franklin, of Wheeling, for the same amount.

THE New Orleans *Bulletin* of the 20th of June says: "All that was mortal of the late Thomas Brooks was followed to the grave yesterday by a large number of friends. Tom Brooks was for a number of years engaged as an engineer on the Alabama, Mississippi, and Red rivers, and stood high in his profession. He was generous to a fault, and leaves a host of friends to mourn his death. He was a native of Cincinnati, and aged fifty-nine years. We tender in behalf of the steamboat community to his bereaved sister our heart-felt sympathy."

THE St. Louis *Republican* says: "We were pained to learn of the sudden death of the wife of Captain Joseph Brown, master of clock vessels carrying at the residence of the latter. A congestive chill was the ailing. F. W. Bedard has made a new contract with W. E. Merrill to complete the Cumberland dam before the winter coming. The dam has been holding the water nearly level, and boating impossible as the government saw fit to make appropriations. The recent high water in the Ohio proved the error of such style of procedure. Capt. Bedard leaves this city for the field of action next Friday, and the Gutiea towboat will probably retain him almost constantly at Smithland. Ky., his head-quarters, while occupied on the work, until the dam is completed."

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, June 26.—Cotton dull at 17¾c. Flour quiet and unchanged; superfine Western and State at $5 00@5 15; white wheat extra $6 40@7 00; extra Ohio $6 80@7 25. Wheat is moderately active and firm; No. 2 spring at $1 38@1 40. No. 2 Milwaukee at $1 46@1 47; white Michigan $1 50@1 51; amber Michigan $1 60@1 61; red winter $1 40@1 41; white do $1 45@1 46. Corn is quiet and unchanged; mixed Western at 68@69c; yellow 69@70c. Oats heavy; Western mixed 61@62c; white 66@66½c. Hay in buyers' favor at $1 05@1 10. Hops dull and heavy. Beef quiet. Pork firmer at $16 75. Lard firmer at 10½@10¾c. Coffee firmer at 18½@22½c. Other groceries unchanged. Petroleum firmer; crude 9½c; refined 19c bid. Rosendale Cement $3 00@3 25 per barrel; $7 75@2 00; Portland cement $7 50@8 00. Freights firmer at 4½c for cotton; 5c for grain; 13 do onions; Haworth & Dowhurst, 1 butt tobac; Reynolds Bros, 2 bls ox nuts; Archbald, Wilson & Co, 1 bx dry goods; G. Engle, 2 rolls leather; W Holden, lot h h goods; G Hodfstott, 2 bdls leather, 2 bdls hides; J W Andrews, 10 bdls h h goods; A Porter, 273 sks oats; Pretzfield Bros, 1 bx; C P Vallewe, 1 car tea; W E Schmertz, 1 case and 1 bx do; E Benzon, 1 boxier, 1 grate, 1 bed plate, 1 pc casting; W H Graff & Co, 15 bbls eggs; Do onions; John Hayne, 1 car curbstone; J H Loh & Co, 2 kegs a butter, 1 bbl bacon; M McWhinney & Co, 1 box; W & D Bigelow, 1 bx do; Wm Holmes, 3 c oil eggs; Agent Union Line, 5 bxs tin; Armstrong Bros & Co, 2 bxs corks; Reed & Ritchart, 100 bbls flour; Hubbard, L P & Co, 184 bdls hides, 1 c saw; Braden & Peabody, 100 bxs cheese; L Dalvinson, 25 bxs tin; Hyde & Goodrich, 200 bbls flour; B H Voskamp & Co, 100 do do; Schnemaker & Co, 100 do do; H Schnellback, 1 car middlings; T C Jenkins, 500 barrels flour; Watt, Lang & Co, 100 bbls flour; W B Hays & Son, 75 bbls mess pork; Wm Holmes, 2 c oil tank cars; Heinz, Noble & Co, 20 bbls pickles; G A Reily & Co, 5 bbls alcohol; John Seifferth & Co, 10 bbls spts; A Klinordinger & Co, 1 hf bbls whisky, 1 hf bbl gin, 2 hf casks gin, 15 cases gin; Cass Sanstein, 9 bbls whisky, 1 bbl gin; J E Lanahan, 5 bbls whisky; J J Gillespie, 9 bgds backing; Lewis, Q & P, 15 bdls iron; A H Bauman, 1 car stone; Singer, Nimick & Co, 1 spring; W E Bacan, 1 bx zinc; J H Lippincott, 16 cases canned goods; Fleming, Agnew & Co, 12 bx 1 irons; Schellhase & A, 25 bbls o mail; Casey & Fogarty, 5 bbls gin; McClurran & McKennan, 1 bbl gin; Kramer & Vogleson, 3 bxs crackers.

FOR EXPORT—Flood & Co, 1 car oats; Mitchell, L G Graff & Co, 1 car oats; Mitchell, K & Co, 2 cars barley; Legg, Elderly & Co, 1 car stay; Young & Booth, 1 car malt.

ALLEGHENY STATION—E Knox & Son, 181 sks oats, 100 bbls flour; J Reno, 75 chimney tops, 1 car tile and clay; K Blair, 4 cars ice; Pgh T

CITY MATTERS.

Louisiana Relief Fund.

We acknowledge the receipt of the following in aid of the sufferers by the late Mississippi floods:

A lady	$ 5 00
Mrs. Bawden	10 00
First English Lutheran church, Rev. S. Laird, pastor	101 20
J. F. Slagle	5 00
Cash	10 00
First Presbyterian Church, Pittsburgh, Rev. S. F. Scovel, pastor	200 00

Inquest.

The inquest which Coroner McCallin went to Mansfield to hold on Thursday evening was upon the body of Emma Bearcroft a little child, two years old who had fallen in a vault on her fathers premises and suffocated. A verdict of accidental death was rendered.

A Sorrowful Arrival.

Yesterday a lady carrying a little boy in her arms, alighted from the train at Bridgeport, on the Connellsville Railroad, and as she stepped upon the platform, she discovered that her child was dead. The little one had been ill with brain fever, and had died suddenly, without the mother knowing when death occurred. The lady was on her way from the West to visit her parents.

Obituary.

We regret to announce the death of Mr. Andrew Graham, which took place at an early hour yesterday morning, at his residence on Liberty avenue. Deceased was the father of Captain Robert Graham, well and favorably known. Mr. Graham was in his sixty-sixth year of his age, and had long been a resident of Pittsburgh. He was widely known and highly esteemed.

Moorhead School Teachers Elected.

The following named teachers were elected to the Eleventh ward (Moorhead) public schools on Thursday evening, June 25th: Mr. E. M. Still, Principal; Miss Sarah J. Payne, Miss Irenia Rutledge, Miss Lizzie A. Laughlin, Miss Maggie Marshall, Miss Ella Martin, Miss Jennie Moffet, Miss M. Elizabeth Irwin, Miss Lizzie E. Miller, Miss Nannie D. Mackrell, Miss Ella Norris and Miss Matilda A. Stevenson.

Dog Days.

The dog days are upon us, and yet no notice has been issued from the Mayor's office, warning owners of the canine race to muzzle them or keep them peaceably upon their premises for the public. People who have not much traveling to do have little idea of the danger reporters and other pedestrians are subjected to from snarling curs, whelps and dogs of high degree, and we implore the safeguard of the law.

Accident.

Yesterday afternoon a man whose name was not ascertained, was driving in a buggy in the vicinity of the Salt Works, corner of Rebecca street and Beaver avenue, Allegheny, when the horse took fright and ran away. The man was thrown out and the buggy wrecked. The man was badly injured and if he could not rise, and it was thought that his hip was dislocated. He received prompt attention, and was placed under medical care.

The Excursion.

The University excursion to the Mammoth Cave left yesterday morning under the care of Captain Paul F. Roblacher. The train left here at a little before ten o'clock. The party comprised about sixty happy individuals, including several ladies. All were in the best possible spirits, and it is evident that if they don't have a good time it will be the fault of circumstances and not of themselves.

A Rumor.

A rumor prevailed to some extent in Allegheny yesterday, to the effect that a man living on Ohio street had killed his son on the preceding evening. It was stated that the son, a youth of about eighteen years, had stolen some money from his father. The latter discovering the theft, chastised the boy with a heavy stick. The boy resisted and in the struggle the father accidentally hit the boy on the temple with the end of a spade, killing him instantly. The rumor was found to be only a rumor.

Drowned.

Coroner McCallin yesterday held an inquest on the remains of a man named Michael Lally, who was drowned, the preceding evening, in the Monongahela river, South Side, opposite the Point. The man, it appears, was engaged in gathering coal, and got beyond his depth in the river. Being unable to swim, he was swept out and thus drowned. His body was recovered yesterday morning. The jury returned a verdict of accidental drowning. Deceased leaves a wife and nine children. He was twenty-eight years of age.

The Sunday Law.

Yesterday a hearing took place before Alderman Black, in a case of violation of the Sunday law. A man named H. Myers was the defendant, having been charged with selling confectionery on Sunday. The information was made by Walter Todd, in behalf of those who are insisting on the enforcement of the Sunday law. The case was ably argued yesterday by Josiah Cohen, Esq., for the defense, and W. A. Booth, Esq., for the prosecution. The result was that the defendant was fined $25and costs.

The McGinnis Will Case.

John R. Large, Esq., who filed the will of the late John McGinnis, yesterday requested permission to withdraw it, but the same was not granted. The will disposes of a very large amount of property amongst relatives of the deceased, is witnessed by three gentlemen of the legal profession, but names no executors. It is considered by these gentlemen as the question now as to who shall attend to the matter, in the absence of executors, and see that it is administered. It will be so entitled by law. The Register will probably appoint some person to attend to the case.

"U. S." Boiler Iron Tested.

At the Wayne Iron Mills, of Brown Brothers, yesterday, there was an interesting test of "U. S." boiler iron, for the satisfaction of a gentleman from Cincinnati, interested in river navigation. The samples tested were about one inch wide and twelve inches long. About twenty pieces were put to the parting strain, and the average resistance was about 51,000 pounds to the square inch. A "cross section" test resulted in a remarkably small per cent. age. Inspectors Bell and Neeb were present and witnessed the test. The result was entirely satisfactory.

Ortwein.

This wretched man has chosen Rev. Frederick Sheidt, pastor of the German Lutheran church, Allegheny, as his spiritual adviser, and professes penitence for his crime. Mr. Sheidt thinks his repentance is sincere. Ortwein says he does not want to live, as it would be worse than death to bear the burden of his awful crime upon his mind and heart. He only asks to obtain forgiveness, and then he will be willing to die. He can obtain this by constantly reading the Bible and religious books. Mr. Sheidt says there are no evidences of insanity about Ortwein, that he can discover. Still it is very probable that his counsel will carry the case to the Supreme Court.

The Jubilee.

The children's jubilee in the Allegheny Parks last evening was a great success in every way. The threatened rain was withheld, and the evening was a delightful one. It is estimated that at least 8,000 persons and children enjoyed the music and the freedom of the parks; and aside from this number there were crowds of children who do not attend the Allegheny schools, and other crowds of people whose school days have long since passed away. At five o'clock the children of the various schools assembled at their respective school houses and marched in procession to the vicinity of Humboldt Monument. There they separated and were distributed through the various parks. Four bands were in attendance and filled the air with music, and there was, besides, the letter music of the shouts of the laughter of happy children. The jubilee ostensibly closed at half-past seven o'clock, but it was much later than that when the children dispersed to their homes.

General Charles De Hass.

There recently died in Brooklyn, New York, a well known citizen of Western Pennsylvania. General Charles De Hass was a native of Northampton county, but became a citizen of Washington county soon after the close of the war of 1815. He was a soldier of that war, and an officer of distinction. He became one of the three Chief Engineers of Pennsylvania, under Governor Ritner, and determined the route across the mountains to avoid the inclined planes—the route subsequently pursued by the Pennsylvania Railroad. It is a painful coincidence that both the original engineer and he who constructed and completed that great work should have passed away about the same time. General De Hass was engaged in many of the leading railroad and other enterprises of Western Pennsylvania, West Virginia and Northeastern Ohio. He was public spirited and active, up to about the close of his prolonged life—having reached his eighty-second year. His charity and benevolence were remarkable. Kind and unobtrusive he rarely had an enemy. The venerable couple who had so long trodden life's pilgrimage hand in hand completed their ninety-eighth married anniversary when separated.

Police Committee Meeting.

A special meeting of the Police Committee of councils was held yesterday afternoon, Mr. Atterbury in the chair. The object of the meeting was to consider the proposition to reduce the police force.

Mayor Blackmore was present and was invited to give his views on the subject. He was of opinion that the better plan would be to assemble the members of the force, and ascertain if they would be willing to blind themselves to either submit to a reduction of their wages, or to work two days out of the month without pay. Such a course would enable the Committee to provide against any deficiency in the appropriation.

Mr. Chalmers thought the best plan was to reduce the wages of the men, rather than to ask them to work for nothing during a winter month, when they would need money more than at any other time.

Mr. Braun opposed the no wages proposition as calculated to injure the city's credit.

Mr. Watson considered that the proper way was to reduce the force. The men who are discharged for bad conduct should not be replaced.

Clerk Hartzell reported that the average monthly expenditure for the police was $17,941, and that the deficiency would be $18,000.

Mr. Chalmers suggested that an ordinance reducing the pay of the police would obviate the difficulty.

Mayor Blackmore could not see how the force could be reduced. It was small enough now. He thought the men would be willing to submit to a reduction of pay without the passage of an ordinance.

Mr. McCord, Mr. Zern and Mr. Atterbury were all in favor of reducing the men.

Mr. Watson favored a reduction of the force rather than of the wages.

Mr. Galvin did not want the force reduced if the number of men on the South Side was to be diminished. If the reduction were to be made in the old city he would not object.

Mr. Braun knew of officers on the South Side whose services could be dispensed with, and designated the one at Jones' Ferry and the one at the Monongahela bridge. There was one on duty at the Young Men's Home, too, who was drawing $600 per year for reading out a chapter in the parlor of that institution. The patrolman at Seventh avenue and Smithfield street was not necessary.

After considerable discussion a motion made by Mr. Watson, that the force be reduced twenty-five men, was adopted by a vote of five to three.

A resolution directing that the Black Maria horses be offered for sale, was lost. A resolution, passed at a previous meeting, ordering the sale of the horses, was rescinded, and a proposition adopted directing the clerk to obtain proposals from proprietors of livery stables, for keeping the horses and furnishing a driver when needed.

Adjourned.

TAXPAYERS IN COUNCIL.

Adjourned Lawrenceville Meeting.

Citizens' Associations Proposed.

Series of Resolutions Adopted—Indignant Protests—Complaints About School Taxes—Executive Committee Appointed.

An adjourned tax payers' meeting of the old borough of Lawrenceville was held last evening in the hall of the Washington school house in the Seventeenth ward. The attendance was large and much interest was manifested.

Mr. Hasbrook occupied the chair.

THE OLD BOROUGH INDEBTEDNESS.

Mr. Reardon chairman of the committee of investigation made a partial report showing the separate indebtedness of the old borough of Lawrenceville at the time of consolidation, the net amount being $37,207. Since 1868 a tax has been levied and collected to the amount of about $5,000 per year while for this year by a one mill tax on the valuation now fixed, some $9,000 will be collected. The speaker said that while the consolidation act provided for a hearing before the court in the matter of the valuation of private property at the time of consolidation, one year after ward to wit: 1869 a special act was past which really wiped out the old valuation and put the whole matter of levying tax for the separate indebtedness in the control of Council. Instead of levying tax upon the valuations of the commissioners, the levy has been made upon valuation made from year to year. The Controller is now preparing a report as to this indebtedness.

The report of Mr. Reardon was, on motion, received with thanks.

ECONOMY DEMANDED—PARTY LINES IGNORED.

Mr. Riddell, from the Committee on Resolutions, reported the following:

Resolved, By the citizens of the Fifteenth, Sixteenth and Seventeenth wards, now in mass meeting assembled: That a more rigid economy in our municipal affairs is imperatively demanded, if we would preserve inviolate our corporate credit, save our property from confiscation and our people from bankruptcy and financial ruin.

Resolved, That experience has not only here but elsewhere has clearly demonstrated that in municipal affairs politics and party lines should be studiously ignored, and the guardianship of the interests of the community be confided to citizens of recognized integrity, character and intelligence, irrespective of their political tenets.

CITIZENS' ASSOCIATIONS.

Resolved, That we strongly recommend the organization of citizens' associations in each ward and election precinct of the city, and the formation of a central committee with the view of giving practical direction and effect to public opinion at the polls, and thus inaugurating a thorough reform in the city government in each department.

A WARNING—NO INCREASE OF DEBT.

Resolved, That the swarm of office holders, contractors, lobbyists, percentage and commission contract-brokers and the whole ignominious retinue of political wire-pullers and lounges about Municipal Hall and block up the portals giving entrance to that "Den of Horrors," knocking at the doors of Councilmen, lawyers, and jeering at their indignant protests, are warned to betake themselves in time to pastures new if they would escape the fangs of the outraged people, who know their rights, and know, dare maintain them.

Resolved, That we are unalterably opposed to the construction of a bridge at the Point, or elsewhere at the present time, at the expense of the tax-payers, and to every kindred scheme designed to promote the interests of the few at the expense of the many, as well as to the contracting of another dollar of public debt under any pretext, excuse or apology, however plausible or specious.

The resolutions were on motion adopted.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE APPOINTED.

Mr. Riddell made a few remarks, in which he said that he hoped and believed that this was a citizen's and tax-payers' movement, and that politics was not to be introduced into it. A candidate for a prominent office had taken part as though to make political capital, and this should not do. He then offered the following:

Resolved, That an Executive Committee of four from each of the Fifteenth, Sixteenth and Seventeenth wards be appointed, irrespective of party, to confer with the citizens of other wards, with a view to the organization of the tax-payers of the city for the protection of their interests in municipal affairs.

The resolution was adopted, and the Chair called for nominations from the various wards. The following Executive Committee was finally announced:

Fifteenth ward—Wm. Ramsey, C. A. Bravo, R. F. Howley, Jacob Deitz.

Sixteenth ward—Jas. McKinley, L. B. Duff, D. O'Neill, J. B. Meanor.

Seventeenth ward—J. W. Riddell, S. F Patterson, M. McGullough, Jas. Berg.

The committee was approved.

During the naming of the committee Mr. Ahlborn declined because he was a Councilman. He said they appeared to be suspected.

Mr. McCullough—[Laughter.]

Mr. Young moved that the committee be instructed to employ counsel to bring the matter into court.

The Chair said he understood the object to be not so much to obtain redress as to prevent future illegal burthens.

Considerable discussion occurred on this matter.

Mr. Riddell explained the duties of the committee.

Mr. Young said he was satisfied with everything said except one, and that was that in two weeks we will have to pay taxes. Then, and then where is the remedy. [Laughter.] He wanted to know if the taxes could not be paid under protest.

Mr. M. J. McCann complained about the Seventeenth ward school taxes, and wanted to know why no statement giving the full value of the board were published.

Mr. Riddell explained the earnest address demanding that something be done. The tidal wave of corruption has set. [Laughter.] This is nothing to laugh at. Libel suits are instituted, an injunction has been issued, and attachment and mortification entered and made returnable on the 4th proximo.

Quarter Sessions—Judge Stowe.

John Bischoff, indicted on oath of Erhard Speet on three counts, for burglariously entering a building with intent to commit a felony, and receiving stolen goods, plead guilty as to the third count.

In the case of the Commonwealth vs. Thos. McManus, indicted for the larceny of five hundred feet of oak rails, the property of Speer & Hall at $2 per hundred feet, and one hundred feet of oak rails, valued at $2 per hundred feet, belonging to Thomas F. Stewart, the Court allowed a *nolle prosequi*, it appearing that the defendant was acting under the directing of his employer, who claimed property in the articles taken.

Thomas Reese, Martin Gray and John Malorky were named in the said indictment, but the bill was ignored as to them by the grand jury. James McVay was the prosecutor.

In the case of the Commonwealth vs. Patrick Kelny and Robert Matthews, indicted on oath of Michael Fallon for horse stealing and larceny, a *nolle prosequi* was allowed, it appearing upon due investigation that the horse mentioned in the indictment was not stolen by defendants, but simply driven about the city by them in a drunken spree.

Mary Cosio, of South Fayette township, charged with illegal liquor selling, by R. W. Service, plead *nolo contendere*.

John Brown, indicted for illegal liquor selling, on oath of Officer John Merriman, of Allegheny, was acquitted, and the costs divided.

John Collins was found not guilty of a charge of entering a building with intent to commit a felony, preferred by August Trantvelle.

Frances Foster was acquitted of a charge of larceny, preferred by David Stewart.

The jury is out in the case of Richard Williams and George Graham indicted for larceny.

The case of the Coffinmoor wealth vs. Cornelius Dougherty and Peter McGlone, charged with assault with intent to rob James Mackrell, is on trial.

Surety and abandonment case will be taken up to-day.

THE BOARD OF HEALTH.

NUISANCES COMPLAINED OF.

The Point as a Place of Deposit—The Horse Railroads on Fourth Avenue

A regular meeting of the Board of Health of Pittsburgh was held yesterday afternoon, Mr. Edwards in the chair, and John D. Fleming secretary.

THE POINT NUISANCE.

After the reading and approval of the minutes of the preceding meeting.

The Health Officer, Mr. Gray, read a communication from Mr. Hugh M. Bole, complaining about the fearful stench at the Point, arising from the aggregation of filth deposited there by night sellers and hucksters. Mr. Bole states that he and his neighbors find the nuisance unbearable, and if the Health Board does not abate it, recourse will have to be had to the courts.

The communication was received.

Mr. Gray stated that hucksters deposited rotten eggs and offal there, and, a wharf officer having been withdrawn, there is no one to prevent nuisances.

After some discussion it was decided to employ a man temporarily to watch the place.

It was thought that the Wharf Committee should settle the matter and it was understood that the Health Officer should ask their attention to it.

A FOURTH AVENUE NUISANCE.

Messrs. R. C. G. Sproul and J. B. Sweitzer appeared before the Board and presented the following:

GENTLEMEN:—We beg leave to notify you that the lines of street cars running on Fourth avenue allow their cars to stand on the switch between Body Pattern's and Smith's store, frequently and so long, that it has created and keeps up an intolerable stench and nuisance in the neighborhood; and we therefore call upon you respectfully, but earnestly to abate said nuisance. R. C. G. SPROUL,

J. B. SWEITZER.

Accompanying the above the following ad dressed to Mr. Sproul was read:

DEAR SIR:—I regret that my engagements this afternoon will not permit me to accompany you and General Sweitzer to the Board of Health to represent the character of the injury of the health and comfort of the occupants of the Fourth avenue property resulting from the horses standing in the cars near our dwellings. It is an evil that cannot longer be tolerated without complaint, and I hope you will succeed in having it removed.

Yours, &c.,

JAS. KING.

R. C. G. SPROUL.

The communications were accepted and the Board was addressed by Mr. Sproul, who read the law showing the powers of the Board in the matter of abating nuisances, in which he claimed that this nuisance came under those powers. He said that the powers of the Board are extraordinary, and they can in every case remove summarily any nuisance or anything prejudicial to the public health. In this instance the opinion of the Supreme Court was for the removal of this trouble.

General Sweitzer addressed the Board, and said that while he switched cars he was not a nuisance, the use to which it is put makes it of necessity a nuisance. He claimed that this nuisance was thrown upon the people of Fourth avenue by reason of want of facilities for the travel not being allowed by the authorities. In no other city would horse railroads be allowed to occupy and use one street, and such a narrow one as Fourth avenue. Let the cars be run up one street and down another, and this will abate the nuisance. If the authorities would give the roads and the public using them the proper facilities for travel, there would be no imposition upon the people residing on one street. Streets railroads are a necessity and are considered a great benefit to many of the citizens. The Board is asked to notify these roads that the nuisance at this switch be abated and that the companies be aided in getting better facilities of travel.

After consideration of the subject on motion of Dr. Graham it was decided to notify the companies to abate the nuisance.

After the transaction of some unimportant business the Board adjourned.

THE FORBES SCHOOL.

An Instructive and Pleasant Entertainment—Review of the Year by the Principal.

The public schools closed yesterday, and in nearly all of them exhibitions or entertainments were had. That in the Forbes district was quite lengthy and interesting. The scholars of the higher rooms gave an exhibition consisting of readings, recitations and declamations, interspersed with singing under the leadership of the popular music teacher, Mr. Walter B. Slack. There was a large attendance of parents and friends of the school, and all expressed themselves as much pleased. Prof. Eaton, Principal, read the following gratifying

REVIEW OF THE YEAR.

During the year the number of pupils considerably increased, so that an additional teacher was secured, making the present corps of lady teachers eighteen. In no year has better work been done than in this one that closes to-day, as some evidence of this allow me to say that a class in Room No. 4 is reading in the First Reader, which has not been the case for the last two years. The Third Reader has been completed in Room No. 5, for the first time. The second class, in Room No. 12, has completed French's Common School Arithmetic, a point never before reached.

I have just completed a careful examination of the entire schools, both thirty-six rooms in all. The three higher rooms were in manuscript. They acquitted themselves fully under that careful work and faithful teaching had been done during the year. In several of the rooms a difference was observed between the two, a high degree of excellence. Special attention has been given to neatness of work on slate and blackboard, and much improvement has been made.

A November drawing was introduced into the Medium and Grammar departments. Considering that it was a new branch, the pupils, teachers and pupils, have also been quite satisfactory.

For six years we have been favored with the same music teacher, Walter B. Slack, Esq. During the time named this branch has been successfully taught, but the last year has given special satisfaction. Instruction in the principles of music have been carefully given through all the departments, and the attainments made by the pupils have been surprising and gratifying.

The first class in No. 12 is always an entertaining feature of that room. The year commenced with thirty-seven pupils and closes with twenty. Of this number, fifteen have just passed through the annual examination forced upon them by the High schools, with a percentage of good material, and they have worked hard during the year to secure so much. Now, a good report from nearly all of them.

Our school affairs have passed regularly during the year, and the relations existing between teachers and pupils, and parents and pupils, especially the former, have been pleasant. I promptly furnished the school with everything that was needed to render it efficient. The directness of the ward has always been cooperated with us in maintaining the discipline of the school.

The average daily attendance of pupils has been 763, the average monthly enrollment 848, and the total enrollment for the year 1,000. Twelve of our scholars have been present at every session of the school during the year, and deserve such punctuality be duly placed to credit. Their names are as follows: Mary Wilkie, Frank Aiken, Sarah Shaffer, Annie White, Mamie O'Hara, Lizzie Jones, Lama Webrung, Lillie Speers, Charles Sermon, Willie Hintz, Cooie Kegerreis and Jessie Mack.

Three scholars have died during the year, two of them by accident. One of these Gerald Griffin, belonged to No. 12. He was much beloved by all his school mates.

Mary Cosio, of South Fayette township, charged with illegal liquor selling, by R. W. Service, plead *nolo contendere*.

John Brown, indicted for illegal liquor selling, on oath of Officer John Merriman, of Allegheny, was acquitted, and the costs divided.

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BEAVER COLLEGE COMMENCEMENT.

Graduating Performance of Beaver College—The President's Reception—Prominent Visitors—The Next Year, Etc.

The crowning event of "Commencement Week" at the Beaver College was the performance of he graduating class, which took place Thursday evening. Unusual interest existed this year, and a great many visitors far and near were present to enjoy the occasion. The heavy fall of rain in the afternoon made the evening delightful and all that could be desired.

In order to have the usual President's Reception, at as an early hour as possible, the commencment exercises were opened between six and seven o'clock, in the spacious College Hall, with prayer by Rev. S. Burt, of Barnesville, Ohio. The following programme was observed: Piano duet—"Grand Valse Brilliante"—by Professor De Hann and Miss Foster, Connewaville, Essay, "Home," Carrie Andrews, Newark, N. J.; vocal solo, "The Rose in the Wood," Miss Scott, Rochester, Pa.; essay, "Beauties of Nature," Maggie C. Foltz, New Castle, Pa.; piano solo, "Le Papillon," Miss M. Roberts, Beaver Falls, Pa.; essay, "Beyond," Mattie P. Robarnes, New Castle; organ and piano "Un Volo a Verce," Prof. DeHaand Miss M. Knox, Chicago; essay "Man the Microcosm," Lottie M. Taylor, Philadelphia, Pa.; vocal solo, "Ah! no Pure," Miss Turner, Brookville, New York; essay "Unity and correlation of Forces," Kittie Wilson, New Castle, Pa., piano solo, "Home Sweet Home," Miss Augustine Addison, Pa.; essay, "What Shall We Do?" Valedictory, Miss Maggie Sewall, Bridgeport, O.; piano and vocal duet—"Barcarolle," Misses Patterson and Howell, Bridgeport, O. At the close of the regular performance, by special request of the audience would have them over and over again. Mr. Mills, a class mate, was heard from the stage. As an encouragement to Mr. Mills, who gave some songs and dances which were evidently unexpected by the audience. They were very well received. The "Hornpipe" was a success, and were called back eight several times. As the Beaver boys are soon to leave us for a season, it is gratifying to know that Canfield and Booker were yesterday engaged for the ensuing year.

This surpassingly good troupe give but two more entertainments, one on the 29th inst. The audience will no doubt be largely attended by ladies and children, and at the farewell performance in addition to the usual programme, one of our best audiences may be expected.

Passports for Fall Trade.

The following extracts from the preface to the July issue of R. G. Dun & Co.'s Reference Book is interesting, as showing the views of that well posted firm on the prospects of trade for the autumn:

"The circumstances of the past six months have not been favorable to trade. The effects of the panic of last September have lingered longer than was anticipated by many, but these effects have been more apparent in restricting trade than in producing disaster. Considering the magnitude and violence of the crisis of last autumn, the commercial fabric of the country has not shown symptoms signs of disorder, if the number or importance of mercantile failures are to be taken as an index as to its condition. It is a fact, as surprising as it is gratifying, that, within the past six months, there has been absolutely but few failures in number, and certainly fewer in prominence, than for the same period in the average range of years. On the contrary, we have had abundant opportunity for observing a very remarkable reduction of indebtedness in all classes, over the whole extent of the country. It is safe to say that the internal movement of the country in the past six months is not more than two-thirds what it was at this time last year. Indeed, so great has the tendency been to lessen indebtedness, that alone has been as much a cause of a restricted business as the hampering fear and want of confidence in the stability of the country, or the safety of credit. The fright that the debtor class received in September has had its effect, and the very prominence of the failures that immediately followed impressed deeply a lesson that has been learned.

"If, then, it is good to be reducing debts—if it is wise to owe two dollars where $3 are due—the six months of dull times which have been experienced are not without some compensation. Even in view of this, the future does not wear as gloomy a look as might be anticipated. In view of the most universally depressed tone of public sentiment regarding the condition of business. It would be a most remarkable result if the past six months has made some inroads upon the surplus capital of not a few, for expenses have not been curtailed now. An unusually abundant crop of almost every production is promised in almost all sections of the country. Prices for these products are satisfactory, if not remunerative figures, and the steady gain in the Railroad Corporation which the past six months has shown, is almost certain of repetition in the next half year. Importations show a large increase in the stocks of all kinds of merchandise are confessedly low in all retail and consumptive quarters, and we confess to a confidence by them should not be a satisfactory business done. The monetary institutions are healthy, and will be well sustained, all the machinery of commerce is in running order, no violent shock has been given to the channels of trade, and there is nothing to prevent a reasonable activity in those articles that go to make up a legitimate trade. The new railroad construction going on in the iron interest, building operations and other departments of industry, which the demands of the time by years, will not unlikely continue restricted and depressed, but that is no good reason why trade should not be a fair business done in merchandise.

"The year 1874 promises to be a good parties to whom it is safe to sell the within volume shows. With constant watchfulness, by ten thousand eyes, the credit system has had the effect of the hard times upon individual cases, and have not failed to mark, not only financial incompetency and lack of ability, but the 'steady continuance in well doing' of the vast army of business men mentioned in the within columns. We have had occasion in many instances to reduce ratings—it has, alas, been our sad duty to do so—but improvements we rejoice that the condition of the country was never better, and deserve to be so good, upon that a year ago found them, notwithstanding so severe a strain as the past nine months have witnessed.

"We need hardly say that in keeping pace with the individual history of these nine months, large additions have been made to our accumulated stores of facts, which must be of great service to those who would dispense credit with safety. These are the times that try men—their stability, their capacity, and their claims to credit. Hence the necessity for the utmost care and the most liberal use of justice is done to all concerned if reliance is placed upon a mere rating, when the detailed reports on the books of our various offices contain intimations, suggestions, and facts; which no mere figure can convey, however ingenious the key or close its interpretation. We, therefore, more earnestly than ever before, urge upon our subscribers the importance of availing themselves of all the facilities which their continued liberal support enables us to provide for them.

"The number of new names inserted in this book is 38,000, which is 14,853 more than the names obliterated is 38,274, and the total number of names now in this work is 624,909. The additions in ratings are 32,786, and in erasures 16,850—so that the entire number of changes effected in this book within the last four months foot up to within a fraction of 100,000, or over 1,300 changes every day. We submit this as an indication of the energy and activity displayed by our Agency."

Gas Lighting.

A meeting of the Committee from City Councils on Gas Lighting was held yesterday afternoon, Mr. Shipton in the chair, when the following business was transacted:

Gas lamps and posts were ordered to be erected as follows: On Grant street, at the Eleventh ward school house; Cecil's alley, between Penn avenue and Duquesne way; Bedford avenue, at the corner of Twentieth and Wharton streets, South Side.

A number of petitions for lamps were referred to a sub-committee for examination.

Fatal Accident at Baden.

On Thursday afternoon a scaffolding at the to-day, (Saturday), at 2 o'clock. Take train top of a barn, being built at Baden, Beaver county, fell, and twenty men who had been at work upon it, were precipitated to the ground, a distance of thirty feet. Silas Mayberry, one of the number, was so seriously hurt that he died in a very short time. Several others were injured, John Hockert and John Struble seriously, and Messrs. Henry Marr, John Sailey, Charles Herst and John Beckert, slightly. The rest who fell were not injured.

We acknowledge the compliment of a serenade of which the COMMERCIAL office was the recipient last night. The California quartette, connected with Haverly's Theatre, sang a beautiful song in a beautiful manner, for which they received the hearty thanks of all who had the pleasure of listening.

DODDS & CASKEY.

Pittsburgh Monumental Granite Works.

A few spare moments were spent at these works yesterday, which were found to be in a flourishing condition, notwithstanding the general quietude of business. The orders received for work will number those of former years.

This is an evidence of their excellence in workmanship, and parties who contemplate purchasing monuments, grave stones, or anything in this line, should visit the Monumental Works of Messrs. Dodds & Caskey, on the corner of Penn avenue and Thirty-second street.

Summer Suits.

In this sweltering weather, light garments are essential, and Clark will furnish the best place that we know of to get a neat fitting, elegant and comfortable summer suit is at the well known establishment of Clark Bros., corner of B. E. Tiegel, No. 53 Smithfield street. He has a fine stock of goods from which to select, and his prices are very reasonable.

Large Lots! Large Lots!

Cheaper than ever.

At the Great Auction Sale in John Dyer's Plan, to-day, (Saturday), at 2 o'clock. Take train at Penn Station. Take 1 o'clock train for Wood's Run. Positive sale.

Plans at office of

JAS. W. DRAPE & CO.,
Auctioneers,
41½ Federal street,
Allegheny.

A Rare Opportunity to any Gentleman Wishing to go South.

For Sale, a valuable interest in one of the finest Sugar Plantations in all the South, situate at St. Martinsville, on the Bayou Teache, Louisiana, about forty miles west of New Iberia, with direct communication by water and rail. The property consists of nearly 1,200 acres of most excellent land, all in cultivation except about 300 acres, which is in timber; 500 acres planted in sugar cane and corn this season; a good mansion house, a manager's house and quarters for nearly 100 negroes; sugar house, with all the necessary machinery for manufacturing fifteen hogsheads of sugar, with a corresponding amount of molasses per day; mules, horses, oxen, wagons, carts, and, in fact, one of the best stocked places in the State. The only object in selling this interest, is to get an active man who will be interested in giving the place a proper superintendance; The plantation is near the beautiful home of Joseph Jefferson, "Rip Van Winkle," and only a short distance from Judge Avery's celebrated Salt Island.

To such a responsible person this interest will be sold for much less than its value and on easy terms. For additional information apply to

THOS. P. ROBERTS,
48 Fifth avenue.

IMMENSE SACRIFICE IN

Lots, Lots, Lots,

At the great auction sale in John Dyer's plan, to-day, (Saturday), at 2 o'clock. Take train from Federal street at 1 o'clock for Woods Run Station.

Go up Woods Run avenue a few rods past the John S. Hall Farm to the property.

Positive sale. Terms easy payments.

Plans at office of

JAS. W. DRAPE & CO.,
Auctioneers,
41½ Federal street,
Allegheny.

The New Colonnade Hotel,

Philadelphia, Pa., is perfect in every point of comfort.

House and Sign Painting,

The best and cheapest in the city, at John T. Gray's, No. 54 Ninth street. THS.

Lippincott's Keystone Soda Fountains.

In the above-named apparatus the wants of the trade have been carefully studied, and we now present an apparatus in which purity, strength and durability are combined with unequaled workmanship and elegant appearance. Call and see us and examine our samples or send for catalogue. We are able to supply any article desired in designs, and this season have many novel features to produce never before brought out. We also deal largely in the articles appertaining to the business, more specially a full line of extra choice fruit essences of the following flavors, in pound bottles, at low prices:

Vanilla,	Raspberry,	Ginger,
Lemon,	Pineapple,	Sarsaparilla,
Strawberry,	Orange,	Fruit Acid,
Orgeat,	Sherbet,	Peach,
Pistachio,	Rose,	Rose,
Coffee,	Chocolate,	Blackberry.

In an effort to produce an attractive apparatus, we have not lost sight of the essential point of a good apparatus—viz: purity of production. This has had our closest attention. Every part coming in contract with soda water or syrups is thoroughly coated with pure silver or block tin. Don't forget to call at McClarren & McKennan's drug store, No. 55 Market street, Pittsburgh.

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THE CITY TIME.

A Pertinent Question About Expenditures.

We have received the following communication, to which we call the attention of our City Councils:

To the Editor of the Pittsburgh Commercial:

SIR—A few days since it was reported in your columns that the city, under a contract made by the City Hall Commission, was required to pay $1,000 per year to Professor Langley, of Allegheny, for regulating and furnishing the correct time through the city clock and fire alarm telegraph office. Is this a fact, and, if so, is the contract fully carried out by the observatory nothing? If I am not misinformed, the city has furnished within the same quarter to jewelers of the city at an annual charge of $25. Certainly the city should not be charged more than an individual for the same thing. If the $965 is a donation in aid of the observatory, why let some one into the city accounts under the proper head. It is unjustice be done in this matter, I would suggest that you make inquiries for the benefit of the people. PRO BONO PUBLICO.

THE ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

The Creditors Sanguine that they Can Hold the Pennsylvania Railroad Liable.

Notwithstanding the fact that there has as yet been no satisfactory arrangement between the Pennsylvania Railroad Company and the creditors of the Allegheny Valley Company, there is a very general opinion prevailing among the creditors of the latter company that before the year is out they will get come to satisfactory terms. Indeed, there is high legal authority for stating that the latter company can be held responsible, and many creditors are feeling much easier in consequence. The counsel of a number of these creditors do not by any means accept the idea that their claims can be set aside or ignored at the will of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. On the other hand, they entertain no doubt of the liability to compel an adjustment of self interest did not prompt an amicable settlement.

Sudden Death.

Last night, shortly after nine o'clock, a woman named Mrs. Byrnes, living on Beaver street in the First ward, Allegheny, died very suddenly at her residence. She lay down yesterday morning, and remained in bed all day, but was not thought to be at all seriously sick. Last evening, her husband, who has been long away, returned home, and went into her room after supper. A few hours later another party arose, reached out her hand to her daughter, tried to speak, and fell back dead. The deceased was said to be a lady of age. An inquest on her remains will probably be held to-day. The daughter is almost distracted at her mother's sudden death.

Rev. Dr. E. W. Sehon.

This eloquent and distinguished minister of the Southern Methodist Church, announced in previous issues of the COMMERCIAL, is now in our Methodist Episcopal brethren. Dr. Sehon is in the M. E. Church, at the late General Conference in Louisville, Ky., where he resides, spoke ably for fraternal relations with the M. E. Church, South, and has always fully entered the ministry, preached regularly in and around this city, and he was regarded then as now, an able and popular preacher. Liberty street church has been elegantly refitted inside and outside, and is much improved in every respect.

Gone on His Tour

Yesterday morning Dr. McClellan, Surgeon in the U. S. Army, whose visit to this city we mentioned yesterday, left for Cincinnati and will continue into Dakota, gone to look after his investigations regarding the cholera. He will return here after a few weeks.

CITY MATTERS IN BRIEF.

JOHN DERNY was arrested for stealing eleven pigs of iron from Porter & Co. He was locked up for a hearing.

THE sales of pig iron in this market for the present week amounted to ten thousand one hundred and fifty tons.

DAVID HALL, charged by W. B. Ross with selling liquor on Sunday, had a hearing before Alderman Grahame, of Allegheny, last evening, and was held to bail for court.

A DISABLING accident at the Allegheny Water Works calls out a notice from the Superintendent, warning the citizens of our sister city to be as economical as possible in the use of water to-day.

FOR LATE publications this office is indebted to Gildenfenney & Hess, of 45 Fifth avenue. This firm deal largely in books, albums, notions stationery, etc., and sell as reasonable prices as any house in the city. Give them a call.

THE mother of Rev. J. B. Lucas,